

VA CERTIFICATION

School Certifying Officials Quick Reference Guide



2003 Education Workshop

**U.S. Department of Veterans
Affairs**

Regional Processing Office
400 South 18th Street
St. Louis, MO 63103-9722

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Directory

Department of Veterans Affairs

Regional Processing Office

400 South 18th Street

St. Louis, MO 63103



Director: Gary D. Williams

Doug Smith: Education Program Chief

DVA Most Used Phone Numbers & E-Mail Addresses

General Information - EDUCATION	1-888-442-4551
General Information - Other VA benefits	1-800-827-1000
Education Services	
Monthly Verification of Enrollment	1-877-823-2378
Direct Deposit	1-877-838-2778
ECERT (System Administrator)	(314) 552-9783
Work-Study - Fax	(314) 552-9533
Work-Study - Phone	(314) 552-9861
Other Useful Numbers	
CHAMPVA	1-800-733-8387
DANTES	1-800-257-9484
Army/Ace Registry Transcript Service	(913) 684-3430
Debt Management Center	1-800-827-0648
Persian Gulf Information Center	1-800-749-8387
Important E- Mail Addresses	
Education Benefit Inquiries	stlrpo@vba.va.gov
ECERT and VACERT Help Desk	stlvacert@vba.va.gov
Workstudy	stlws@vba.va.gov

Internet Directory

The Internet offers a vast amount of information but finding it is not always easy. We hope you will find this directory helpful in locating web sites useful in your job. Many offer links to other education related sites. Just type the address in the address line or your browser exactly as shown then press enter. Your browser should add `http://` in front of the address automatically.

Web Site	Address	Description
VA Education Service	www.gibill.va.gov	Education Service web site includes general information on education benefits and special section for school certifying officials
National Institute of Veterans Education	www.vba.va.gov/ro/central/stlou/Certoff	A branch campus of the National Institute of Veterans' Education for school certifying officials. We hope the Institute will become a valuable resource and help you increase your knowledge, skills and abilities.
VACERT ECERT	www.gibill.va.gov/vacert www.gibill.va.gov/ecert	Everything you ever wanted to know about electronic certification. (VACERT requires a modem.) Download the program from this site. ECERT is an Internet based program
VA Forms	www.vba.va.gov/pubs/forms1.htm	Many of the forms have multiple pages. To complete a form, you need to download all its pages. These forms are in the PDF format (Adobe Acrobat Portable Document Format (PDF) Version 3.0 or higher required.
Web Automated Reference Management System (WARMS)	http://www.warms.vba.va.gov/	Provides on-line access to VBA Manuals, Directives, Circulars, Letters, Title 38 Code of Federal Regulations, and other materials necessary to support our nation's Veterans

Troops to Teachers	http://voled.doded.mil/dantes/ttt	Troops to Teachers provides referral assistance and placement services to service members and civilian employees of Department of Defense who are interested in beginning a second career in public education as teacher or teacher's aides. The DANTES Troops to Teachers office will help in "linking" applicants with teacher certification programs and employment opportunities
Army Transcript Service (AARTS)	https://aarts.leavenworth.army.mil/ Note: https: is required for this secure site	Get a transcript translating army formal military education and job experience into civilian language; also includes college equivalent credit recommendations.
Sailor/Marine American Council on Education Registry Transcript (SMART)	https://smart.cnet.navy.mil/	Get a transcript translating Navy and Marine formal military education and job experience into civilian language; also includes college equivalent credit recommendations.
Association of Veterans Education Certifying Officials	www.aveco.org	AVECO provides education and training to college and university certifying officials.
National Association of Veteran Program Administrators	www.navpa.org	An organization of institutions and individuals who are involved or interested in the operation of veterans affairs programs and/or the delivery of services to veterans as school certifying officials across the country
American Association of Collegiate Registrars and Admissions Officers (AACRAO)	www.aacrao.com	AACRAO is professional association of higher education administrators to provide leadership in policy initiation, interpretation, and implementation through the identification and promotion of standards and best practices in enrollment management, information technology, instructional management, and student services.

Council for Law in Higher Education	www.clhe.org	Council on Law in Higher Education site contains links to information on recent legislation covering a variety of education issues
The Chronicle of Higher Education	www.chronicle.com	News site for Higher Education.
Fedworld	www.fedworld.gov	An online locator service for a comprehensive inventory of information disseminated by the Federal Government
Free Application for Federal Student Aide (FAFSA)	www.fafsa.ed.gov	FAFSA on the Web-- the fastest way to apply on-line for student financial aid
Information for Financial Aid Professionals (IFAP)	www.ifap.ed.gov	Resource for financial aid professionals run by the Department of Education.
National Association of State Approving Agencies	www.saavetrain.org	National Association of State Approving Agencies (NASAA) State Approving Agencies approved training establishments in each state for VA benefits. Click on "Veterans Educational Officers" to find the agency/person that handles the approval of training establishments and programs in your state.
Web Automated Verification of Enrollment (WAVE)	https://www.gibill.va.gov/wave/	This site allows students to submit their monthly verification of enrollment over the Internet.
FirstGov	www.firstgov.com	This site provides one-stop access to all online U.S. Federal Government resources. It also enables users to conduct important business online such as applying for student loans, tracking Social Security benefits, comparing Medicare options and even administering government grants and contracts.

Responsibilities of the Certifying Official

As the Certifying Official, you are responsible for certifying the enrollment and changes in enrollment of eligible students to the VA. This section will briefly describe your responsibilities.

The primary function of the Certifying Official is to let VA know if a student is registered for classes by showing the beginning and ending dates, number of credit hours or clock hours per week. You are also indicating the status of students as undergraduate or graduate students, and provide previous credit hours earned.

A student may be certified after applying for admission and pre-registering for classes. The Certifying Official should encourage the student to look into financial aid since VA benefits are not sufficient to cover all educational costs. (VA students are paid benefits based on the number of approved credit hours they carry and **not** on the cost of the school they choose to attend.)

You can certify a student for VA benefits by filling out VA Form 22-1999, (Certification of Enrollment) or electronically certifying the student through ECERT (an electronic certification program). They are basically the same, but ECERT is faster. First familiarize yourself with the form, and then use an electronic method.

What Is ECERT?

ECERT are VA's web based computer program for electronically certifying student enrollments and changes in enrollment. You can get more information on ECERT by going to the following Internet address:

www.gibill.va.gov/ecert

How Are Enrollment Changes Handled?

Each student's records should be verified monthly to determine that nothing has changed. Notify VA if a student adds or drops a course which affects training time by completing a "Notice of Change in Student Status" VA Form 22-1999b for all chapters. Any VA student who is not making satisfactory progress or who receives an incomplete "I" or unreported grade that will not be turned into a punitive grade within one year of assignment should be reported to VA. All changes should be reported to the VA within 30 days.

What Records Do I Keep?

We suggest that the Certifying Official keep copies of certifications and changes in enrollment either in paper form or electronic form for three years. It is also helpful to keep copies of the Notice of Basic Eligibility (NOBE). The original document should be sent to VA. You may want to keep a copy of the electronic certification also. It may be beneficial to keep a copy of notes regarding any conversations with the student, and copies of final grades. You must keep VA student records for at least 3 years following the last date the student is certified.

How Do I Organize Student Folders?

Contents should be in chronological order. This will make it more convenient for anyone working with the folder. (school official, SAA, VA, etc.) Here are our recommendations on what should be included in a student's file and our suggestion on how to organize the files:

Left Side:

- I. A copy of student's application for admission to the school
- II. Copies of transcripts from ALL colleges and schools previously attended and our school's transfer evaluations
- III. A summary grade report of the student's progress at our facility
- IV. Copies of degree plans for all certified objectives with ALL credits posted
- V. Copy of remedial/deficiency test scores and justification for any remedial/deficiency courses certified to VA
- VI. Course substitution form from the department when applicable
- VII. Course elective approval from the department when applicable
- VIII. Copies of drop slips and/or withdrawal forms when applicable
- IX. Other school documentation

Right Side:

- I. Copies of VA Form 22-1990 or 22-5490 if available
- II. Copies of VA form 22-1995 or 22-5495 if available
- III. Copies of all enrollment certifications (VA Form 22-1999)
- IV. Copies of all notices of changes in student status (VA Form 22-1999b)
- V. Any correspondence from VA which you may receive for the student
- VI. Copies of DD-214's and NOBE's if available

What To Do When A Student Comes In About VA Education Benefits

When a student first comes in seeking your assistance, there are several questions you should ask that will help you decide how best to assist the student. The following are questions you should ask, and information on how you should proceed.

Am I eligible for VA benefits? I have questions about VA benefits.

Refer the student to the toll-free VA Education Phone number: 1-888-442-4551, or to the VA Education web site at: <http://www.gibill.va.gov>. Do not try to make determinations of eligibility. The benefit programs change frequently, so it is best to refer the student directly to VA for questions about the programs.

Have you applied for admission, and pre-registered in classes?

If they say "**NO**" give them the forms, but explain that until they have applied for admission and are pre-registered for classes, you can not certify their enrollment. Direct them to the Admissions Office and also recommend they also apply for Financial Aid. Tell them to advise you when they have registered.

Did you have active military service, or are you an active reservist

If they say "**YES**" continue with the following determinations and explain the students responsibilities regarding withdrawals affecting a change of status, maintaining satisfactory progress, and taking only courses applicable toward the diploma, certification or degree goal.

Have you ever received VA education benefits before?

If the student says "**YES**" do the following:

- Have them fill out an application, VA Form 22-1995 or VA Form 22-5495 if they are a Chapter 35 student

- Ask them which chapter they are eligible for (many do not have any idea)

If they do not know, ask whether they are or were active military or active reserves. Sometimes a student is eligible under two chapters - they were active and are now active reserve. Chapters 30 and 32 pay better than 1606, so it is best for them to use all their benefits under the chapter that pays the best, and when that is exhausted apply for benefits under the next chapter.) VA students are entitled to a combined 48 months of full-time benefits under all laws.

- If they are Chapter 31, they do not need to fill out either the 22-1995 or 22-5495, refer them to the Vocational Rehabilitation case manager for authorization.

If the student answers "**NO**", do the following:

- Have them fill out an application, VA Form 22-1990 or VA Form 22-5490 if they are a Chapter 35 student. VA form 22-1990 can be filed electronically from through the GIBILL web site at www.gibill.va.gov.

- Determine the type of military service that is involved

* If they have been **discharged**, tell them they need a copy of their DD-214 copy 4 that they get at the time of their separation from active duty. They should submit this with their application for benefits. If they do not have a copy immediately available, **do not** delay submission of paperwork. VA will ask for a copy if necessary.

* If they are **still active**, they do not have a DD-214 and have Part II of VA Form 22-1990 signed by the Education Service Officer of their military unit

* If they are **Active Reserves or National Guard** they have signed a 6-year contract with a Unit and are actively drilling. Tell them they need to get a copy of the Notice of Basic Eligibility (NOBE) from their unit. If they do not have a copy immediately available, **do not** delay submission of paperwork. VA will ask for a copy if necessary

* If the student has never served in the active military or reserves, but is a **dependent** with eligibility based on an eligible parent or spouse, have them fill out a 22-5490. (They need to know the veteran's file or claim number.)

* If the student has a service connected disability rated by the VA and wants to apply for Vocational Rehabilitation (Chapter 31), refer them to the Vocational Rehabilitation Specialist. Explain that they will be certified once VA furnishes the authorization (VA Form 28-1905) to the school.

Benefit Payments

Benefit payments are made directly to students, unless advance payment is paid (see Advance Payment, below 14). The payment is made to the student for the number of days the student is certified for the month. If a student is certified for a whole month, the full monthly benefit is paid. If the student is only certified for part of the month, the benefit is prorated as follows:

VA uses a 30 day month. Divide the monthly rate by 30 to get the daily rate. If a student is certified from the 1st through the 15th, the student is certified 15 days and is entitled to 15/30ths of the full monthly benefit. Example: If the monthly benefit is \$1000.00 and the student is certified 1/1/03 through 1/15/03, the student is entitled to \$500.00 (\$30.33 per day for 15 days). If the student is certified 1/16/03 through 1/31/03, the student is entitled to \$500.00 (\$30.33 per day for 15 days). If the student is certified 1/1/03 through 1/31/03, the student is entitled to \$1000.00 (a full months benefit). Remember, VA uses a 30 day month: 1/16 through 1/30 (or 1/31) is 15 days and 2/16 through 2/28 (or 2/29) is 15 days. The month rounds out to 30 days.

Standard benefits are described in the monthly rate tables. An additional kicker may be paid to some chapter 30 and chapter 1606 students. If a student paid for part of a month is subsequently certified for the next quarter or semester, VA will automatically pay the break between the quarters or semesters if break pay can be paid.

Change of Address and Direct Deposit

Students must keep their address current. The fastest way to change an address or change a direct deposit is to call VA (800-827-1000). The automated functions of the phone server do not include changing address or starting Direct Deposit. This can be done by calling the St. Louis RPO at 1-888-442-4551.

If a student calls to start (chapters 30 and 1606 only) or change a direct deposit, the student should have their account information handy. The following information is needed to set up direct deposit and can be found on checks and bank statements:

- Account number
- 9 digit bank routing number
- Type of account (checking or savings)

If a student has direct deposit, the student still needs to keep his or her address current because all education related mail from VA the student's address.

Advance Payment

Advance payment provides funds at the beginning of a school term to help the student meet expenses concentrated at the beginning of the term. Advance payment is the amount payable for the initial month or portion of a month the quarter or semester begins plus the amount payable for the following month.

Participation in advance payment is voluntary on the part of schools. If you aren't set up for advance payment and want to be, contact your ELR . Schools must certify that they can carry out the provisions of advance payment. Schools must handle advance pay checks securely and they must give the advance pay check to the student when he or she registers (or not more than 30 days before the beginning of school if registration is earlier).

When a school participates in advance payment, students are eligible for advance payment when:

- The student requests advance pay, **and**
- There's more than 30 days between terms, with no payment for the break , **and**
- The student is enrolled at least half-time, **and**
- VA receives the advance payment request at least 30 days but not more than 120 days before the enrollment period.

Advance pay requests should be submitted 30 to 120 days before the begin date. The check will be sent to the school, payable to the student. A separate, *Certification of Delivery* (VA Form 22-1999V) will be sent to the school. When the check is given to the student, immediately complete and return the *Certification of Delivery*.

An advance payment will pay the first and second month. The first month may be a partial month, with payment pro-rated for the number of days attended that month. Advance pay for a student certified 9/22/01 through 6/13/02 would pay 9/22/01 through 10/31/01. Since VA normally pays after a month is completed, the student wouldn't receive another check until December, when payment for November is made.

When an advance pay check is issued, the next check won't issue unless the *Certification of Delivery* (VA Form 22-1999V) mailed to the school is received and processed by VA. If VA sends a letter that says a *Certification of Delivery* wasn't received, there are two things you might do.

- Call VA (888-442-4551) and explain the problem to the Education Benefits Specialist who answers the phone. If the *Certification of Delivery* has not been input, ask the Education Benefits Specialist to enter the certification of delivery (COD) on the CERT screen.
- Send or transmit VA a 22-1999b annotated "In lieu of COD—advance pay check delivered" in remarks.



eCert: Create a form students can sign and date to request advance pay. Attach the completed form to your file copy of the 1999. If you have a signed request, check the "Advance Pay" box when you create the 1999. The 1999 will be annotated "Advance Payment Requested and Signature of Student on Record". **As an alternative**, the student can simply sign your 1999 file copy next to the advance payment annotation.

STUDENT VERIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

Chapter 30 and Chapter 1606 students must verify their enrollment monthly by Web Automated

Verification of Enrollment (WAVE) or by Interactive Voice Response (IVR). The preferred method is WAVE, which includes features not in IVR. When chapter 30 and 1606 students are awarded benefits, the award letter they receive describes WAVE and IVR.

- **WAVE** allows students to verify their enrollment on the Internet at the Education Service web site (www.gibill.va.gov). Click the link to WAVE. Students must be currently enrolled in an approved educational program and must have a current benefit award to use WAVE.
- **IVR** allows students to “phone in” (877-823-2378) their monthly verifications.

NOTE: The monthly *Student Verification of Enrollment* (VAF 22-8979) form mailed to chapter 30 students since the inception of the program was discontinued July 2002. Chapter 30 students must use WAVE or IVR. At the same time the paper verification was discontinued for chapter 30, the monthly verification process, identical to the chapter 30 process, started for chapter 1606, again by WAVE or IVR.

The monthly verification of enrollment procedure hasn't been adopted for chapter 32 and for chapter 35 Institution of Higher Learning (IHL, i.e. standard college degree) students. Instead, schools are mailed verification forms (VAF 22-6553) periodically to complete and to return for these students.

Student Verification of Enrollment forms are still mailed to chapter 35 Non College Degree (NCD, i.e. certificate and diploma programs) students. The forms must be completed and returned to VA.

Accelerated Payment (Chapter 30)

The Veterans Education and Benefits Expansion Act of 2001 authorized **accelerated payment** for chapter 30 students enrolled “in certain **high cost** programs that lead to **high technology** employment in high technology industry.” Accelerated payment applies only to chapter 30 and only to semesters, quarters, or terms that begin on or after 10/1/02.

Complete information about accelerated payment is available for students and for schools on our website (www.gibill.va.gov). On the home page, click the [Accelerated Payment Information for High Technology Programs](#) link.

Acceleration Basics

Accelerated payment is a lump sum payment of 60% of tuition and fees for certain high cost, high tech programs. If there isn't enough entitlement to cover 60% of tuition and fees, VA will pay based on actual remaining entitlement. Accelerated payments are paid one semester, quarter, or term at a time. If a program isn't offered on a semester, quarter, or term basis, the accelerated payment is paid for the entire program.

High cost means tuition and fees must be more than double the chapter 30 benefit the student would otherwise receive. Example: A typical semester is 1/20/03–5/14/03 (16 weeks) and a typical quarter 1/6/03–3/21/03 (11 weeks). If chapter 30 pays \$900 per month full-time, it pays \$3,450 for the semester or \$2,280 for the quarter. In order to meet the “high cost” requirement, tuition and fees must be more than \$6,900 for the semester or more than \$4,560 for the quarter

before a student could receive an accelerated payment.

High technology means students must enroll in a high tech program and they must certify their intent to seek employment in a high tech industry as defined by VA. VA maintains a list of high tech programs and high tech industries on the Internet as noted in the second paragraph above.

Certifying Accelerated Payment

If students request accelerated payment, make sure they understand the basics described above and, if they haven't already been there, direct them to the accelerated payment link on VA's website.

Certify accelerated payment on enrollment certifications in the usual manner, with the following exceptions.

- Only certify one term at a time and include the total charges (tuition and fees) for the student's courses. The student must request accelerated payment separately for each term.
- Remarks should contain the phrase "I request accelerated payment," the student's signature and the date.
- On the student's first request for accelerated payment, Remarks should also contain the following: "I certify that I intend to seek employment in a high technology industry as defined by VA. I have read VA's approved list of high technology industries."

If the student's enrollment status changes, submit notices of change in student status in the usual manner. Be sure to include tuition and fees. Mitigating circumstances are an issue in these cases as in other cases.



eCert: Certify students in the manner described above. However, remarks should include the phrase "Acceleration certification on file." To make this certification, you must keep the student's written request for accelerated payment described above in your files for each term accelerated payment is requested.

Tuition Assistance Top-up

To be eligible for the Top-up benefit, the student must be approved for federal Tuition Assistance by a military department and be eligible for MGIB-Active Duty benefits. To be eligible for MGIB benefits, the student must be an **MGIB - Active Duty** (chapter 30) participant and must have served at least 2 full years on Active Duty. A reservist receiving federal Tuition Assistance could use the Top-up program as long as he/she qualifies for chapter 30.

The **amount of the benefit** is limited to the amount that the student would receive for the same course if regular MGIB benefits were being paid. In no case can the amount paid by the military combined with the amount paid by VA be more than the total cost of the course.

If a student receives the Top-up benefit, his or her regular MGIB benefits will be reduced. The amount of entitlement charged for Top-up payments is determined by dividing the amount of the payment by the claimant's full-time monthly rate.

The benefit is available for all courses that began on or after October 30, 2000. A copy of the Tuition Assistance Authorization form for the course that has been signed by an authorized military official will be required.

- If student hasn't previously filed a claim for MGIB, he/she should do the following:
 1. Request TA from your branch of service. See his/her military education services officer or education counselor.
 2. Complete an application for VA education benefits, VA Form 22-1990. The student can get the form at our Internet site at: www.gibill.va.gov
 3. Indicate "Top-up" on the VA application in item 1A under the MGIB-Active Duty block.
 4. Send Tuition Assistance approval form, along with the application for VA education benefits, to the VA Regional Processing Office.
- If you've previously filed a claim for MGIB and weren't denied benefits, simply submit your signed TA approval form to the VA Regional Processing Office that handles your claim.

Important Note: These claims are handled differently from claims for MGIB without TA. For Top-up claims, the student **does not** need to check in with the school official who certifies VA benefits. VA does not need an enrollment certification on VA Form 22-1999. Top-up can be used for education programs that are not approved for other benefit programs. That's because Top-up is payable for **any** course for which TA is payable under DoD criteria.

VA determines your eligibility for MGIB. If you're eligible for MGIB, the TA approval form establishes your eligibility for Top-up. No certifications from the school are needed.

What about the signatures on the TA approval form? The TA approval form must be signed by the approving DoD officials. Some branches of service require the commanding officer's signature; some require the education service officer's signature.

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Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations

Accrediting Agency

A nationally recognized agency or association which the Secretary of Education determines to be a reliable authority as to the quality of training offered by an educational institution. The Secretary publishes a list of these agencies and associations which the state approving agencies utilize for establishing that a program of instruction may be approved under the provisions of 38 U.S.C. 3675 as an accredited program.

Active Duty

Full-time duty in the Armed Forces. This also includes full-time duty performed by commissioned officers of the Public Health Service and National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (not including active duty for training).

Active Duty for Training (ACDUTRA)

Active duty for training in the Reserves or National Guard. This includes reservists on full-time duty for training purposes in the Armed Forces; members of the National Guard or Air National Guard of any state, performing full-time training duty under title 32, U.S. Code, sections 316, 502, 503, 504, or 505.

Advance Payment

The monetary allowance which may be payable to a student for the first fractional (or full) month and the following full month of enrollment. These payments are mailed to schools prior to the beginning of classes for release to students who have completed registration.

Advertising

VA will not approve an enrollment in any course offered by an institution which uses advertising, sales, or enrollment practices which are erroneous, deceptive, or misleading by actual statement, omission, or intimation. Any institution approved for the enrollment of veterans and other eligible persons must maintain a complete record of all advertising,

sales, or enrollment materials used during the preceding 12-month periods.

Already Qualified

A student is considered "already qualified" if he or she has previously completed a program at the same level and in the same field of study for which application is now being made. This will not preclude the pursuit of a program leading to a degree at the same level with a different major or in an entirely different field. It also does not preclude the pursuit of subjects which may be necessary to qualify for admission into a program leading to a higher degree or to qualify for a vocational or professional objective. A person will be considered already qualified if he or she was previously employed in a job for which the course now being requested is designed to qualify the individual who completes it. For example, if the applicant is employed in sales, he or she is already qualified for enrollment in a general sales course. VA benefits are not payable for pursuit of any program for which the student is already qualified. This includes courses required for relicensing or a continuation of licensing in a professional field.

Armed Forces

This includes the United States Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Air Force, and Coast Guard, including the reserve components thereof.

Assignment of Benefits

Any arrangement by a school which denies the student the opportunity to control the proceeds of a check is prohibited. Section 5301(a) of title 38, U.S. Code, provides that payments of benefits due under the laws administered by VA shall not be assigned except as specifically authorized by law. There are no laws that authorize assignment of VA educational checks.

Audited Course

The term means any credit course which a student attends as a listener only with a prior understanding between school officials and the student that such attendance will not result in credit being granted toward graduation. VA education benefits are not

payable for pursuit of such courses, and these types of courses should not be certified to VA.

Award Letter

The official written notice from the Department of Veterans Affairs to a student of his or her monthly rate of payment, the inclusive dates of payment, and remaining entitlement at the end of the award period.

Basic Educational Assistance

As used under the Montgomery GI Bill - Active Duty, "basic educational assistance" means a monetary benefit payable to all individuals who meet basic requirements for eligibility under Chapter 30, title 38, U.S. Code, for pursuit of a program of education.

BIRLS

Beneficiary Identification and Records Locator Subsystem. This is a computerized record system directly accessed by regional offices by means of computer terminals. It contains basic identifying information on a VA claimant including the current location of the claimant's folder and service information.

Break in Service

The term "break in service" means a period of more than 90 days between the date when an individual is released from active duty or otherwise receives a complete separation from active duty service and the date he or she reenters on active duty.

Certificate of Eligibility (C/E)

A VA Form 22-1993a which is issued to an applicant showing approval to pursue a stated program of education at a particular institution, the remaining entitlement of the student, and the ending date of the student's eligibility.

Certifying Official

The person at an institution who has been delegated authority to sign enrollment certifications, other certification documents and reports relating to VA benefits. (See VA Form 22-8794)

Certification of Delivery of Advance Payment and Enrollment

Often referred to as the "COD," the VA Form 22-1999v is mailed to the school in a separate envelope from the advance payment check. When the advance payment check is given to the student by the school, the COD, which contains preprinted enrollment information, must be completed by the certifying official and immediately returned.

Change of Program

A change of program consists of a change in the educational, professional, or vocational objective for which the veteran or eligible person entered training and a like change in the type of courses required to attain a new objective. This includes any change in an eligible person's program or objective which will result in a material loss of credit or which will materially lengthen the training time necessary to complete an objective. A material loss of credit is generally considered to be the loss of more than 12 credit hours for programs measured in quarter or semester hours, or the loss of more than 10 percent of the training completed for other types of courses.

Change of School

There is no limit or restriction on change of schools for continued pursuit of the same course or program provided the veteran or eligible person is making satisfactory progress and there is no material loss of credit.

Character of Discharge

All VA benefits (with the exceptions of some insurance programs and certain medical benefits) payable to veterans or their dependents require that the particular period of service upon which entitlement is based be terminated under conditions other than dishonorable. However, a veteran must obtain an "Honorable" discharge to receive educational benefits under the Montgomery GI Bill, not "under honorable conditions" or "general," which will disqualify the individual for those benefits. Service personnel who complete six months or less of active military service are issued "uncharacterized" discharges. If an "uncharacterized" discharge is used for reasons of service-connected disability or hardship, they are

considered to be "Honorable" for Montgomery GI Bill purposes.

Circular

A publication issued by VA for distribution to regional offices and sometimes to schools as an expeditious way of providing directives on new procedures. A circular may also be used to disseminate information regarding issues which will be pertinent for only a limited period of time.

Claimant

An individual in the process of claiming VA benefits who is potentially eligible for benefits but who has not completed all the necessary steps which will permit VA to determine individual eligibility and entitlement.

Concurrent Enrollment

When a student cannot successfully schedule his or her complete program at one school, or cannot complete his or her program within the period in which he or she plans to complete an objective, a student may pursue courses at a second institution. A student is enrolled in more than one school at the same time (the dates of course pursuit at each school may overlap) and the primary institution certifies that supplemental school pursuit will be accepted at full credit toward the student's course objective.

Continuous Active Duty

The term "continuous active duty" means active duty served without interruption. A complete separation from active duty service will interrupt the continuity of active duty service. Time lost while on active duty will not interrupt the continuity of service.

Cost of Course

The term "cost of course" means the total cost for tuition and fees for a course which an educational institution charges to nonveterans whose circumstances are similar to veterans enrolled in the same course. "Cost of course" does not include the cost of supplies or books which the student is required to purchase at his or her own expense.

Course

As used in this manual, "course" means a specific class or subject of instruction (e.g., English 110).

Cycle, Cooperative Program

Most cooperative programs have terms devoted exclusively to institutional study at both the beginning and the end of the program. Between these terms are a series of cycles in which the student alternates between classroom instruction and on-the-job training. A cycle may begin with either the institutional phase or with the work phase, but the cycle continues until both phases are completed. Alternating periods may be a part-day in school and a part-day on the job or may be such periods which alternate on a daily, weekly, monthly, or term basis. The alternate in-school periods of the course must be at least as long as the alternate periods in the business or industrial establishment.

DD Form 214

The Certificate of Release or Discharge from Active Duty which is prepared at the time an individual completes a period of active duty in one of the Armed Forces. Former members of the Public Health Service (PHS) and of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) do not receive a DD Form 214, but they do receive comparable documents that provide necessary information concerning their active duty service. Veterans should be advised to submit copy number 4 of their DD Form 214 with a claim for VA benefits. A certified copy may also be submitted.

Delayed Enlistment Program (DEP)

A Delayed Enlistment or Delayed Entry Program allows individuals to contract to go on active duty in the Armed Forces at a later date. The periods of time of the delayed entry onto active duty vary according to the specific program involved. For example, under DEP, the delay of entry onto active duty varies up to 270 days. In other programs, such as ROTC, the delay may be several years.

Delimiting Date

The expiration date for education benefits. It is the first day after a claimant's period of eligibility expires. Benefits are not payable on or after the

delimiting date. Generally, the delimiting date is ten years and one day from the veteran's last release from active duty date (RAD). The expiration date for those under Chapters 35 and 1606 is computed differently.

Dependents' Educational Assistance (DEA)

See Survivors' and Dependents' Educational Assistance.

DOD Record

The Department of Veterans Affairs accesses the Department of Defense's manpower data base through a computer interface between the Defense Manpower Data Center (DMDC) in Monterey, California and the VA's Benefit Delivery Network (BDN). This record contains information from the serviceperson's/veteran's military records which VA may use to determine eligibility for Chapters 30 and 1606.

Drop Period

A reasonably brief period of time at the beginning of a term officially designated by a school for dropping courses. The school's last day to drop a course will be the end of the drop period, providing it does not exceed 30 days from the first day of the term.

Dual Eligibility

Entitlement to education benefits under two or more programs administered by VA. If an individual qualifies for educational assistance under two or more such programs, the total assistance available may not exceed an aggregate total of 48 months, or the equivalent in part-time benefits. A person having dual eligibility may not receive such benefits concurrently.

ECAP - Electronic Certification Automated Processing

ECAP is a computer program that processes chapter 30 enrollment certifications transmitted to VA RPOs by schools using ECERT, an electronic certification program.

ECERT

A Internet based computer program for school officials. It is accessed using either Microsoft

Internet Explorer or Netscape Navigator. It allows the school official to maintain records on VA students and to generate enrollment certifications (VA Form 22-1999) and notices of student status (VA Form 22-1999b.) Schools may transmit these enrollment certifications and changes in student status to VA through a secure Internet server operated by VA. Schools interested in using the program should visit the eCERT web site located at <http://www.gibill.va.gov/ecert>

Education Liaison Representative (ELR)

The person at the VA regional office responsible for the education liaison and program approval functions. The ELR is responsible for promptly informing state approving agencies, schools, and training establishments of changes in policies and procedures.

Education Services Officer (ESO)

This includes civilian education services officers, military career counselors, and other employees of the military education offices who are assigned responsibility for advising servicepersons of the educational opportunities available to active duty personnel.

Educational Assistance

This term is generally used interchangeably with the term "education benefits." However, under the Montgomery GI Bill - Active Duty, the term "educational assistance" means basic educational assistance, supplemental educational assistance, and all additional amounts payable, commonly called "kickers."

Eligible Person

A child, spouse, or surviving spouse of a veteran who served on active duty and who died of a service-connected disability, or who has a total disability permanent in nature resulting from a service-connected disability, or who died from any cause while a total and permanent service-connected disability was in existence. Also includes a child or a spouse of a person who is on active duty as a member of the Armed Forces and who now is, and, for a period of more than 90 days, has been, listed by the Secretary concerned as missing in

action, captured in line of duty by a hostile force, or forcibly detained or interned in line of duty by a foreign government or power.

Enrollment Period

This term means an interval of time during which a veteran or eligible person is enrolled in an educational institution and is pursuing his or her program of education. This term applies to each unit course or subject in the veteran's or eligible person's program of education; i.e., quarter, semester, or full school year.

Entitlement

The number of months the student will be eligible for VA education benefits. This is usually expressed in the number of months and days the student will be eligible for full-time benefits, or the equivalent in part-time training, but also may be expressed in a dollar amount. Entitlement will vary depending on the education program the individual qualifies under. In no event will entitlement exceed 48 months under any combination of laws.

Equivalent Credit Hours

When a term is not a standard semester or quarter, VA will determine the equivalent for full-time undergraduate training. Using a formula, the resulting quotient is called equivalent credit hours. VA treats equivalent credit hours as credit hours for measurement purposes.

Facility Code

The numerical code assigned by VA to an institution specifically identifying it or one of its subdivisions.

File Number

A seven-, eight- or nine-digit number assigned by VA to identify a claimant's records. Most veterans have their Social Security numbers assigned as their VA file number. Dependents or survivors of veterans eligible for chapter 35 benefits are assigned a letter suffix (e.g., "A," "B," "W") *to the file number of the veteran.*

G.E.D.

An official General Educational Development certificate issued by a state-level department of

education. The credentials issued by state-level departments of education are official documents that are acceptable as the equivalent of high school graduation diplomas. In addition, Department of Defense certificates of G.E.D. equivalency are acceptable evidence of completion of high school educational requirements.

Holiday Vacation

The term "holiday vacation" means a customary, reasonable vacation period connected with a federal or state legal holiday which is identified as a holiday vacation in the educational institution's approved literature. Generally, VA interprets a reasonable period as not more than one calendar week at Christmas and one calendar week at New Year's and shorter periods of time in connection with other legal holidays.

Independent Study

A course or subject offered without any regularly scheduled, conventional classroom or laboratory sessions. For VA purposes, such courses or subjects must be offered by a degree granting institution and consist of a prescribed program of study with provision for interaction either by mail, telephone, or personally between the student and the regularly employed faculty of the university or college. A specific approval of these courses by the state approving agency is required, in order for VA benefits to be authorized.

Institution of Higher Learning (IHL)

A college, university, technical or business school, offering instruction at the postsecondary level which leads to an associate or higher degree. The institution must be empowered by the appropriate state education authority (under state law) or accredited by a recognized accrediting agency to grant such degrees. This designation also includes hospitals offering medical-dental internships or residencies without regard to whether the hospital grants a postsecondary degree.

Interval Payment

Educational assistance benefits may be paid during the intervals between terms at a school or between terms when transferring from one school to another

while remaining in the same program. Exceptions apply, as well as certain other restrictions in certain situations. Persons on active duty or training at less than half-time are not entitled to interval payments.

Kickers

The Department of Defense (DOD) may contribute amounts as deemed appropriate to an education fund on behalf of participants to encourage enlistment or retention in the Armed Forces. These amounts are added to any other education benefits to which the person may be entitled. DOD provides VA with kicker eligibility information. Because this information can be delayed, students with kickers can send VA a copy of their kicker contract with their application for benefits to help speed the payment of this additional benefit.

Matriculated Student

A college or university student who has satisfied all prerequisites for formal admission and recognition by the institution as a degree-seeking student. This does not mean that an undergraduate student must have formally been accepted into a specific major curricular field of study before he or she may be classified as "matriculated."

M.G.I.B.

Refers to either the Montgomery GI Bill - Active Duty (Chapter 30 of title 38, U.S. Code) or the Montgomery G.I. Bill - Selected Reserve (Chapter 1606 of title 10, U.S. Code).

Mitigating Circumstances

Unanticipated and unavoidable events beyond a student's control which are responsible for the student's inability to complete a course or courses or which result in the student's receipt of a nonpunitive grade for a course that the student did complete. Generally, a student will be required to submit corroborative evidence to substantiate his or her reasons for being unable to complete the course(s) with a creditable grade(s).

NOBE

This is a DD Form 2384, Selected Reserve Educational Assistance Program Notice of Basic Eligibility, which the Selected Reserve member

obtains from his or her National Guard or Reserve component unit stating his or her eligibility for the Montgomery GI Bill - Selected Reserve. If available, this form should accompany the reservist's application for benefits.

Non-College Degree (NCD)

The designation "NCD" is used to refer to a course or program of education or any other institutional vocational/educational training which does not lead to a standard college degree.

Nonpunitive Grade

The term means any grade assigned for pursuit of a course, whether upon completion of the course or at the time of withdrawal from the course, which has the effect of excluding the course from any consideration in determining progress toward fulfillment of requirements for graduation, i.e., "W" or "NC" grades. No credit toward the school's requirements for graduation is granted for such a grade, nor does the grade affect any other criteria for graduation by the policies of the school, such as a grade point average. Therefore, it has the same effect as an audited course. A student will be charged with an overpayment of the benefits received for those courses in which a nonpunitive grade is received unless he or she presents evidence of acceptable mitigating circumstances to explain the grade assigned.

Nonstandard Term

A term which is of a shorter or longer length (i.e., weeks and days) than a standard quarter or semester. The number of instructor-student contact hours is increased proportionately each week to compensate for a shorter term length. VA will compute equivalent undergraduate credits to measure courses pursued during nonstandard terms.

Normal Commuting Distance

Two locations that are within 55 miles of each other are within normal commuting distance. Furthermore, a branch, extension or additional facility of a school located more than 55 miles from the school's main campus or parent facility may be considered within normal commuting distance only if school records show that, prior to the establishment

of the additional teaching site, at least 20 students or 5 percent of the enrollment, whichever is less, on the main campus or parent facility were regularly commuting from the area where the additional teaching site is located; or other comparable evidence clearly shows that students commute regularly between the two locations.

Objective

The final educational, professional, or vocational goal of a veteran, serviceperson, or eligible person (e.g., degree, diploma, certificate, occupation). An educational objective is one that leads to the awarding of a diploma, degree, or postdoctoral certificate which reflects educational attainment. Graduate certificate programs generally do not lead to an educational objective. A professional or vocational objective is one that leads to an occupation. It may include educational courses essential to prepare for the chosen occupation.

Ordinary School Year

This is generally a period of 2 semesters or 3 quarters which is not less than 30 nor more than 39 weeks in total length.

Preregistered Enrollment

An Enrollment Certification (VA Form 22-1999) that is submitted for a student that is already enrolled in school and has preregistered for the next term with less than an 8 week break between terms.

Primary Institution

The institution which will confer or grant the current degree sought, or certify that the student has completed the program qualifying him or her for the current objective sought, will be the principal or primary institution. Generally, the student will be enrolled at the principal or primary institution for the majority of the program. See page 58 regarding supplemental enrollments where a student's approved program of education involves training at more than one school.

Program of Education

A combination of subjects, unit courses, or training activities pursued at a school or training

establishment which is generally accepted as necessary to meet requirements for a predetermined educational, professional, or vocational objective (e.g., diploma, degree, certificate, occupation). An "approved program" is a course of study or program of training which the appropriate state approving agency has determined meets the legal requirements for payment of VA educational assistance benefits to veterans and other eligible persons. Effective March 1, 2001, the definition of the term "program of education" was expanded to include licensing and certification tests.

Punitive Grade

The term means a grade assigned for pursuit of a course which is used in determining the student's overall progress toward completion of the school's requirements for graduation, e.g., a failing grade. Unlike the nonpunitive grade, the punitive grade does affect the criteria to be met by the student for graduation, i.e., it is a factor in computing the student's grade average or grade point average, for example. For this reason it is not the same as an audited course, since it does have an effect upon the student's ability to meet the school's criteria for graduation.

Pursuit

The term "pursuit" means to work, while enrolled, toward the objective of a program of education. This work must be in accordance with approved institutional policy and regulations, and applicable criteria of title 38, United States Code; must be necessary to reach the program's objective; and must be accomplished through resident courses (including teacher training courses and similar courses which VA considers to be resident training), independent study courses, a graduate program of research in absentia, or medical/dental internships and residencies, nursing courses and other medical/dental specialty courses. VA considers a person who qualifies for payment during an interval between terms or school closing, or who qualifies for payment during a holiday vacation to be in pursuit of a program of education during the interval, school closing, or holiday vacation.

Quarter

A division of the academic year at institutions which operate on a quarter system calendar. Credits are earned and measured in quarter hours. A "standard quarter" is a period of instruction usually 10 to 13 weeks long.

Refresher Training

Refresher training is a course at the elementary or secondary level to review or update material previously covered in a course that has been satisfactorily completed. Under some education programs, the term also means training in a program of education in which the veteran is already qualified, provided that the program pursued is training to permit the veteran to update knowledge and skills and to be instructed in the technological advances which have occurred in the veteran's field of employment during the veteran's period of service. It may be used to update skills learned either during or prior to service but not for skills first acquired after discharge from service. Veterans pursuing "refresher training" are not limited to "refresher courses" at the elementary or secondary level.

Remedial/Deficiency Courses

These terms refer to noncredit training at the secondary level that is required for entrance to or preparatory to the successful pursuit of a postsecondary educational program. If secondary level training is needed for the student to reach a certain mastery level necessary for pursuit of a postsecondary program of education, the courses must be listed separately on the Enrollment Certification. Upon entrance each student's academic background should be evaluated and, as warranted, a required noncredit program established. These secondary level courses may include, for example, basic English skills, fundamental math, reading, or other special academic assistance necessary for the student to qualify for admission. These courses may also include noncredit secondary level training to overcome a handicap such as in speech and may be offered at a high school, college, or other educational institution.

Reporting Fee

VA pays annually to each educational institution furnishing training under the various VA education programs a reporting fee for required reports or certifications. This fee is intended to help defray the costs of processing various reports and certifications required to be submitted to VA and is in lieu of any other compensation or reimbursement. The annual fee is computed based on the number of VA beneficiaries enrolled at the institution in during the calendar year. The reporting fee is paid as soon as possible after the end of the calendar year.

REPS

Restored Entitlement Program for Survivors. Certain survivors of deceased veterans who died of service-connected causes incurred or aggravated prior to August 13, 1981, are eligible for benefits. The benefits are similar to the benefits for students and surviving spouses with children between ages 16 and 18 which were eliminated from the Social Security Act. The benefits are payable in addition to any other benefits to which the family may also be entitled. The amount of benefits is based on information from the Social Security Administration.

Research in Absentia

A certifying official of a school may certify a program of research pursued by a veteran or eligible person in absentia, when the research activity is necessary for the preparation of the student's master's thesis, doctoral dissertation, or a similar treatise which is a prerequisite to the degree being pursued. The research activity must be defined and organized so as to enable the certifying official to evaluate the time required for its successful pursuit, and the time certified for the research activity is independent of the time devoted to any employment situation in which the veteran or eligible person might be engaged.

Selected Reserve

The term means, with respect to the Armed Forces, the Army Reserve, the Naval Reserve, the Marine Corps Reserve, the Air Force Reserve, the Coast Guard Reserve, the Army National Guard of the United States, and the Air National Guard of the United States. The Public Health Service and the

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration do not have Selected Reserve units.

Semester

A division of the academic year at institutions which operate on a semester system calendar. Credits are earned and measured in semester hours. A "standard semester" is a period of instruction usually 15 to 19 weeks long.

Serviceperson

An individual who is currently serving on active duty. Same as "servicemember."

Standard College Degree

The term means an associate or higher degree awarded by an institution of higher learning that is accredited as a collegiate institution by a recognized regional or national accrediting agency or an institution of higher learning that is a "candidate" for accreditation, or an institution which is accredited by an agency recognized to accredit specialized degree-level programs.

State Approving Agency (SAA)

An agency appointed by the Chief Executive of a state to approve institutional programs of education and training for payment of benefits under the various laws administered by VA.

Summer Session

A division of the summer term specifically designated in a school catalog as a distinct period of instruction. These sessions vary in length, and are often only 3-8 weeks long.

Summer Term

The total instruction offered by a school between the end of the Spring term and the beginning of the Fall term. A summer term may consist of several summer sessions.

Survivors' and Dependents' Educational Assistance

The benefits payable to eligible dependents or survivors of veterans. It is often abbreviated simply as DEA (Chapter 35).

Tuition Assistant Top-Up (TAT)

VA payment to an individual for all or a portion of the difference between the Tuition Assistance amount paid by the military component and the total cost of tuition and related charges. TAT is only available to persons eligible for chapter 30. Although Reserve and National Guard components also offer Tuition Assistance, there is no Top-up provision for chapter 1606 recipients. A person eligible to receive chapter 30 who is receiving Tuition Assistance from a Reserve or National Guard component is eligible for TAT.

VACERT

A Windows based computer program for school officials. Installed on the schools PC, it allows the school official to maintain records on VA students and to generate enrollment certifications (VA Form 22-1999) and notices of student status (VA Form 22-1999b.) Schools may transmit these enrollment certifications and changes in student status to VA via a modem. Schools interested in using the program should visit the VACERT web site located at <http://www.gibill.va.gov/vacert>

VEAP

Refers to the Veterans' Educational Assistance Program, Chapter 32 of title 38, U.S. Code. This is the contributory education benefits program for post-Vietnam era veterans.

FACHTSCHAFTS

Montgomery GI Bill - Active Duty

What is the Montgomery GI Bill - Active Duty?

The Montgomery GI Bill - Active Duty, called "MGIB" for short, provides up to 36 months of education benefits to eligible veterans for:

- ✧ College, Business, Technical or Vocational School
- ✧ Correspondence Courses
- ✧ Apprenticeship/Job Training
- ✧ Flight Training (in some cases)

Who is Eligible?

You may be an eligible veteran if you received an Honorable Discharge, **AND** you have the equivalent of High School Diploma or GED or, in some cases, 12 hours of college credit, **AND** you meet the requirements of one of the categories below:

CATEGORY IA	<input type="checkbox"/> Entered active duty for the first time after June 30, 1985 AND
CATEGORY IB	<input type="checkbox"/> Had military pay reduced by \$100 a month for first 12 months AND
CATEGORY IC	<input type="checkbox"/> Continuously served for 3 years, OR
	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 years if that is what you first enlisted for, OR
	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 years if you entered Selected Reserve within a year of leaving active duty and served 4 years ("2 by 4" Program)
<i>Note: If you were on active duty between 12/1/88 and 6/30/89, AND withdrew your election not to participate in MGIB AND had your military pay reduced, you may be eligible under Category I. Call the toll-free number for details.</i>	
CATEGORY IIA	<input type="checkbox"/> Entered active duty before January 1, 1977 AND
CATEGORY IIB	<input type="checkbox"/> On 12/31/89, you had entitlement left from Vietnam Era GI Bill, AND
CATEGORY IIC	<input type="checkbox"/> Served at least 1 day between 10/19/84 and 6/30/85, and stayed on active duty through 6/30/88, OR
CATEGORY IID	<input type="checkbox"/> 6/30/87 if you entered Selected Reserve within 1 year of leaving active duty and served 4 years OR
CATEGORY III	<input type="checkbox"/> Was not on active duty 10/19/84. Reenlists or reenters after 10-19-84 and served 3 continuous years at any time on or after 7-1-85, OR
	<input type="checkbox"/> Was not on active duty 10/19/84. Reenlists or reenters after 10-19-84 and served 2 continuous years at any time on or after 7-1-85 and entered Selected Reserve within a year of leaving active duty and served 4 years.
	<input type="checkbox"/> Not eligible for MGIB under Category I or II
	<input type="checkbox"/> On active duty on 9/30/90 AND separated involuntarily after 2/2/91, OR involuntarily separated on or after 11/30/93, OR voluntarily separated under either the Voluntary Separation Incentive (VSI) or Special Separation Benefit (SSB) program
	<input type="checkbox"/> Before separation, you had military pay reduced by \$1200

IF YOU ARE ON ACTIVE DUTY, you should consult with the Education Services Officer at your installation, or call the toll-free number below, for information about your eligibility.

How Much Does VA Pay?

The monthly benefit paid to you is based on the type of training you take, length of your service, your category, and if DOD put extra money in your MGIB Fund (called "kickers"). You usually have 10 years to use your MGIB benefits, but the time limit can be less, in some cases, and longer under certain circumstances.

How Can I Apply?

You can apply by filling out VA Form 22-1990, Application for Education Benefits.

For More Information Call Toll-Free



Montgomery GI Bill - Selected Reserve

What is the Montgomery GI Bill - Selected Reserve?

The Montgomery GI Bill - Selected Reserve is an education program that provides up to 36 months of benefits to members of the Selected Reserve. This includes the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard Reserves, as well as the Army National Guard and the Air Guard. It is the first program that doesn't require a person to serve on active duty in the regular Armed Forces to qualify.

An eligible reservist may get education benefits while in an approved training program. For information about the types of training available, call the toll-free number below.

Who is Eligible?

You may be an eligible reservist or National Guard member if:

- ✧ After 6/30/85, you signed a six-year obligation to serve in the Selected Reserve, **AND**
- ✧ you completed your Initial Active Duty for Training (IADT), **AND**
- ✧ you have received your High School Diploma or GED, **AND**
- ✧ you are in good standing in a drilling Selected Reserve unit

If you stay in the Selected Reserves, benefits generally end 14 years from the date you become eligible for the program. You may have longer if you couldn't train because of a service-related disability. (Note: The 14 year delimiting date was effective October 1, 2002, and applies only to persons whose eligibility to chapter 1606 began on or after October 1, 1992)

Your eligibility generally ends when you leave the Selected Reserves.

Note: If you are an officer in the Selected Reserves, **OR** if you entered active duty from the Selected Reserves after 11/29/89, call the toll-free number below for details.

How Much Does VA Pay?

The monthly benefit paid to you is based on the type of training you're in. If you're attending school, your payment is based on your training time.

How Can I Apply?

Your unit will give you a Notice of Basic Eligibility (DD Form 2384 or 2384-1) when you become eligible. When you find an approved training program, fill out VA Form 22-1990, Application for Education Benefits. Send the forms to the St. Louis VA Regional Processing Office.

Related Benefits

Work-Study Program

Tutorial Assistance

Educational and Vocational Counseling

For More Information Call Toll-Free

Vocational Rehabilitation and Employment

What is Vocational Rehabilitation and Employment?

Vocational Rehabilitation and Employment is a program to assist eligible veterans in achieving maximum independence in their daily life, restore their self esteem, and aid them in becoming a contributing part of society. Under the Vocational Rehabilitation Program (Chapter 31) eligible veterans are assisted in selecting a rehabilitation goal and developing an individualized rehabilitation plan, leading to employment.

The services, that may be provided to Chapter 31 veterans in training, include vocational and personal counseling, education and training, medical and dental treatment and subsistence allowance. Eligible veterans may receive up to 48 months of training benefits, however, the length of the program is based on the individualized written rehabilitation plan.

Who is Eligible ?

Usually, you must first be awarded a monthly VA Disability Compensation payment. In some cases, you may be eligible if you aren't getting VA compensation (for example, you are awaiting discharge from the service because of a disability, OR you are entitled to VA compensation but have decided not to reduce your military retirement or disability pay).

Eligibility is also based on you meeting the following conditions:

- ✧ You served on or after September 16, 1940 **AND**
- ✧ Your service-connected disabilities are rated at least 20% disabling by VA **AND**
- ✧ You need Vocational Rehabilitation to overcome an employment handicap **AND**
- ✧ It has been less than 12 years since VA notified you of your eligibility

NOTE:

- You may be eligible for Vocational Rehabilitation if you are rated 10% disabled, and you have a serious employment handicap.
- You may have longer than 12 years to use this benefit if certain conditions prevented you from training.

How Much Does VA Pay ?

VA will pay required training costs, such as tuition and fees, books, supplies, equipment, and, if needed, special services. While you are in training, VA will also pay you a monthly benefit to help with living expenses, called a subsistence allowance. For details, call the toll-free number below.

How Can I Apply ?

You can apply by filling out VA Form 28-1900, Disabled Veterans Application for Vocational Rehabilitation, and mail it to the VA regional office that serves your area.

**For More Information Call Toll-Free
1-800-827-1000**

Post-Vietnam Veterans' Educational Assistance Program (VEAP)

What is VEAP?

The Post-Vietnam Veterans' Educational Assistance Program, or "VEAP" for short, is an education benefit for veterans who paid into VEAP while they were in the service. Eligible veterans may be entitled to as much as 36 months of training. Eligibility usually ends 10 years after getting out of the service, but the time limit can be longer in certain cases. Eligible veterans may pursue any of the following types of training:

- ✧ College or University Programs
- ✧ Business, Technical or Vocational Training
- ✧ Apprenticeship/On-the-Job Training
- ✧ Correspondence Courses
- ✧ Flight Training (in some cases)
- ✧ High School Diploma or equivalent

Who is Eligible ?

You may be eligible if:

- ✧ You were discharged under conditions other than dishonorable **AND**
- ✧ You first entered active duty after December 31, 1976, and before July 1, 1985, **AND**
- ✧ You contributed to VEAP before April 1, 1987 **AND**
- ✧ You served long enough to qualify

Length of Service Requirement: If you enlisted for the first time after September 7, 1980, or entered as an officer after October 16, 1981, you generally had to complete 24 continuous months of active duty. Please contact the toll-free number if you have less service, as there are some exceptions.

What Does VA Pay ?

The total dollar amount of your benefits is the sum of:

- ✧ Your total contributions, **PLUS**
- ✧ Matching funds from VA equal to 2 times your contributions, **PLUS**
- ✧ Any DOD contributions or "kickers"

The monthly amount you'll receive is based on the total (above), the number of months you contributed, the type of training you're in, and your training time.

How Can I Apply ?

You can apply for VEAP by filling out VA Form 22-1990, Application for Education Benefits. Send the completed form to the Regional Processing Office in St. Louis.

Related Benefits

- | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Work-Study Program | Tutorial Assistance |
| Noncontributory VEAP (Sec. 903) | Refund of Contributions |

 **REMINDER:** If you're still on active duty, call the toll-free number below for details about your eligibility for VEAP or to find out if you may switch to the Montgomery GI Bill.

For More Information Call Toll-Free
1-888-442-4551

Survivors' & Dependents' Educational Assistance

What Is Survivors' & Dependents' Educational Assistance ?

Survivors' & Dependents' Educational Assistance is an education benefit for the spouses and children of certain veterans. Eligible persons can receive up to 45 months of benefits for:

- ✧ College, Business, Technical or Vocational Courses
- ✧ High School Diploma or GED
- ✧ Correspondence Courses (Spouses Only)
- ✧ Apprenticeship/Job Training

Who is Eligible ?

You may be eligible if the veteran

- ✧ is found by VA to be totally and permanently disabled from a service-related disability, **OR**
- ✧ died because of a service-related disability

AND

you meet one of the following conditions:

- ✧ you are married to the veteran, **OR**
- ✧ you are the deceased veteran's surviving spouse, and you haven't remarried, **OR**
- ✧ you are the veteran's child and you're at least 18 years old.

Generally, you must use this benefit within the following time periods:

- ✧ spouse/surviving spouse: 10 years from the date VA finds you eligible
- ✧ child: until age 26

Note: These time limits can be extended under certain circumstances. Call the toll-free number below for details.

How Much Does VA Pay ?

The amount VA pays is based on the type of training program you're in, and your training time. In most cases, benefits are paid monthly. For example, VA pays \$680 monthly for full-time training at a college or university. If your attendance is less than full-time, payments are reduced proportionately.

How Can I Apply ?

You can apply by filling out VA Form 22-5490, Application for Survivors' and Dependents' Educational Assistance. Send the completed form to the Regional Processing Office in St. Louis.

Related Benefits

Special Benefits for Children with Disabilities

Educational Counseling Services

Education Loans (Spouses Only)

Tutorial Assistance

Work-Study Benefits

**For More Information Call Toll-Free
1-888-442-4551**

What is CHAMPVA ?

CHAMPVA is a healthcare benefits program. In general, CHAMPVA covers most healthcare services and supplies that are medically and psychologically necessary. Upon confirmation of eligibility, applicants will receive program material that specifically addresses covered and non-covered services and supplies.

Who is Eligible ?

- Dependents of veterans who have been rated by VA as having a total and permanent disability.
- Survivors of veterans who died from VA-rated service-connected conditions, or who at the time of death, were rated permanently and totally disabled from a VA-rated service-connected condition.
- Survivors of persons who died in the line of duty and not due to misconduct.

NOTE: The eligibility of children is not affected by divorce or remarriage of the spouse or surviving spouse.

What Does VA Pay ?

Under CHAMPVA, VA shares the cost of covered healthcare services and supplies with eligible beneficiaries

General Exclusions

- Services determined by VA to be medically unnecessary.
- Care as part of a grant, study, or research program.
- Care considered experimental or investigational.
- Care for persons eligible for benefits under other government agency programs, except Medicaid and State Victims of Crime Compensation programs.
- Care for which the beneficiary is not obligated to pay, such as services obtained at a health fair.
- Care provided outside the scope of the provider's license or certification.
- Custodial, domiciliary, or rest cures.
- Dental care except treatment related to certain covered medical conditions medications that do not require a prescription (insulin excluded).
- Personal comfort and convenience items.
- Services rendered by providers suspended or sanctioned by other Federal entities.

How Can I Apply ?

Contact the Health Administration Center using the toll-free telephone number listed below for assistance or to obtain an Application for CHAMPVA Benefits (VA Form 10-10D). When calling for an application, please select the application form option from the voice-mail menu. To help reduce the volume of telephone calls during business hours, please consider placing calls for forms during evening or weekend hours.

**For More Information Call Toll-Free
1-800-733-8387**

Who is Eligible for the Work Study Program?

- A student must receive VA education benefits as authorized under Title 38 USC, Chapters 30, 31, 32, or 35; or Title 10 USC, Chapter 1606; and
- Attend school and receive benefits at the 3/4 or full time rate.

What Type of Work Does a Work Study Student Do?

Students must be assigned to work sites that will permit them to perform VA related activities. These work sites include, but are not limited to: Regional Offices, VA Medical Centers, Vet Centers, VA Outpatient Clinics, National Cemeteries, and local education institutions.

If assigned to a non-VA work site, the student's primary employment responsibilities must be to perform VA related outreach assignments.

NOTE: In the case of a student receiving education assistance under Title 10 USC, Chapter 1606, activities relating to the administration of the Chapter 1606 program at Department of Defense facilities are authorized.

How Much Does VA Pay ?

Pay is based on the higher of the Federal minimum wage of \$5.15 or the State minimum wage. Work performed on or after the effective date of any minimum wage increase will be paid at the higher rate even though the contract may show a lower rate.

How Do Students Apply for the Work Study Program?

The student should contact their preferred work site supervisor to determine if there is an opening for a work-study and if the supervisor will hire the student. If the student is unaware of work site locations, contact the St. Louis Work Study Unit (WSU) for work sites in their area. The WSU will give local work sites' names, supervisors' names and phone numbers for the student to contact.

If the work site would like to hire the applicant as a work-study, fax a completed VA Form 20-8691, "Application for Work-study Allowance" to the St. Louis WSU at (314) 552-9861. We would also like for the work site to identify the supervisor's name and phone number in block #18 for exact identification purposes.

Work sites and schools should have a supply of these forms on hand for students. Contact the RPO WSU if you need any forms. These forms will also be mailed directly to a student upon request or given at the time of a personal interview.

**For More Information Call Toll-Free
1-888-442-4551**

How is the Application Processed?

The WSU views the VA's award system to verify that the student is receiving VA education benefits at the 3/4 or full time rate. The possible findings are:

1. System shows current enrollment at the 3/4 or full time rate.
 - a. WSU enters applicant's information into the new W/S Management System which will generate VA Form 22-8692, "Student Work-study Agreement (Student Services)". **We no longer want you to submit VA Form 22-8692, "Student Work-study Agreement (Student Services) with the application.**
 - b. WSU will fax the agreement to the work site for student's signature with instructions to fax back to the WSU.
 - c. After the WSU processes the signed agreement, the WSU will call to notify the supervisor that the student may begin work. (Processing the agreement means that the W/S system will generate a VA Form 22-8690 "Time Record (Work-study Program) and formal letters of notification for the supervisor and student.) If applicable, the advance payment is also made at this time.
 - d. The WSU will mail the supervisor a formal letter of notification, a time record, and a copy of the completed signed agreement. The student will receive a formal letter of notification and a copy of the completed signed agreement.
2. System does not indicate benefits for the particular term.
 - a. Our document imaging system (TIMS) and the VA award system are checked for possible pending certification.
 - b. If the certification is not pending, the WSU will contact the school and ask the certifying official to fax the certification directly to the WSU, which we will then refer to the appropriate unit for priority processing. For non-Missouri CH31 claims, we will fax the certification to the appropriate VARO Vocational Rehabilitation and Employment office for priority processing.
 - c. The WSU will then follow steps b through d in #1 above.
3. The length of the agreement is based on the award period in the VA award system.
4. If a student is not eligible for the W/S program, the WSU will send a letter of denial to the student, specifically stating the reason of denial.

Does a Student Have to Reapply for the Work Study Program Every Term?

No. Only one application per ordinary school year is required. A student can request an extension by various means, such as calling the WSU, sending a letter, or faxing an application. The terms must be sequential. All steps are followed as previously described except that **there is no advance payment when an extension is granted.**

Work Study Supervisory Responsibilities

What are My Responsibilities as a Work Study Supervisor?

1. Insure the student is trained to do the work.
2. Insure the student does not work before the start date (Time Record - block 4A).
3. Insure the student does not work after the end date (Time Record - block 4B).
4. Insure the student does not work more than the total hours (Time Record - block 5).
5. Initial new entries on the Time Record **each** day the student works.
6. Confirm cumulative totals are correct for each submitted Time Record. To avoid addition errors, please record in increments of 15 minutes.
7. Fax time sheets to the St. Louis Work Study Unit (WSU), 50 hour increments are preferred. Insure the entries are legible and are in dark print. Please do not fax or send duplicate Time Records. You no longer have to submit the original Time Record.
8. Annotate on last Time Record "Final Time Record" with reason such as, completion of contract (worked the full length of contract) or contract terminated (stopped working prior to fulfilling the length of the contract).
9. Any changes in the work site's address, phone or fax number, or supervisor, needs to be reported to the WSU immediately.

How is the Time Record Processed?

The WSU verifies compliance with start and end dates and maximum hours of agreement; each entry is initialed; re-computes cumulative total; and checks the VA award system to confirm student is still training at the 3/4 or full time rate.

It's very important that you follow your responsibilities as a supervisor. If there are any discrepancies with any of the above, the WSU will contact the supervisor and/or student for clarification which can delay the processing of payment.

Where Do I Go for Help?

Call the toll-free number, 1-888-442-4551, to ask to be transferred to the work-study unit.

Our e-mail address is stlws@vba.va.gov

For supervisors only, our direct telephone number is (314) 552-9861.

IMPORTANT: The above number is for supervisors and VA personnel only, please do not release.

We prefer that inquiries from be by made via e-mail. Every call we get from you or the student can delay processing further.

TABLES & CHARTS

Education Rates

Effective 10-1-2002

	CH30-3 or more year obligation	Ch 30 Less than 3 year obligation	Chapter 1606 Selected Reserve	Chapter 35
Full Time 12 Credits or more	\$900.00	\$732.00	\$276.00	\$680.00
Three-Quarter 9-11 Credits	\$675.00	\$549.00	\$207.00	\$511.00
One-Half 6-8-Credits	\$400.00	\$366.00	\$137.00	\$340.00
Less than half-time 4-5 Credits	Tuition & fees not to exceed \$450.00	Tuition & fees not to exceed \$366.00	\$69.00	Tuition & fees not to exceed \$340.00
Less than half-time 1-3 Credits	Tuition & fees not to exceed \$225.00	Tuition & fees not to exceed \$183.00	\$69.00	Tuition & fees not to exceed \$170.00
App/OJT 1st 6 Mos	\$675.00	\$549.00	\$207.00	\$495.00
App/OJT 2 nd Mos	\$495.00	\$402.60	\$151.80	\$370.00
App/OJT Remainder	\$315.00	\$256.20	\$96.60	\$246.00 \$124.00

Chapter 34/30 Combined Rate

	No Dependents	One Dependent	Two Dependents	Each Additional
Full Time	\$1088.00	\$1124.00	\$1155.00	\$16.00
¾ Time	\$816.50	\$843.00	\$866.50	\$12.00
½ Time	\$544.00	\$562.00	\$577.50	\$8.50
Less than ½-time	Tuition & Fees, not to exceed \$544.00			
¼ Time	Tuition & Fees, not to exceed \$272.00			
App/OJT 1st 6 Mos	\$777.75	\$790.13	\$801.00	\$5.25
App/OJT 2 nd 6 Mos	\$551.38	\$560.73	\$568.43	\$3.85
App/OJT 3rd Mos	\$338.80	\$344.93	\$349.65	\$2.45
App/OJT Remainder	\$326.90	\$332.68	\$337.93	\$2.45

Chapter 31- Vocational Rehabilitation Rates

	No Dependents	One Dependent	Two Dependents	Each Additional
Full Time	\$454.96	\$564.34	\$665.03	\$48.48
$\frac{3}{4}$ Time	\$341.85	\$423.87	\$497.21	\$37.28
$\frac{1}{2}$ Time	\$228.74	\$283.41	\$333.13	\$24.87
Less than $\frac{1}{2}$ -time	None			
App/OJT	\$397.79	\$481.05	\$554.39	\$36.06

Training Time Requirements for VA Education Benefits

Undergraduate Degree Programs

Training Time	Credits
Full Time	12 or more*
$\frac{3}{4}$ Time	9 to 11*
$\frac{1}{2}$ Time	6 to 8*
Less than $\frac{1}{2}$ Time	4 to 5*
$\frac{1}{4}$ Time or Less	1 to 3*

* applies to standard terms only

IMPORTANT NOTE: A standard term is considered to be 10 to 13 weeks long for a quarter and 15 to 19 weeks long for a semester. Training time for courses that are offered for a shorter or longer period (non standard term) is determined by using a training time equivalency table. Training time equivalency tables for both quarter and semester hours are shown on the next page.

Non Degree Programs Measured in Clock Hours

Training Time	Theory Predominate	Shop Predominate
Full Time	18 Hours/Week	22 Hours/Week
$\frac{3}{4}$ Time	13-17 Hours/Week	16-21 Hours/Week
$\frac{1}{2}$ Time	9-12 Hours/Week	11-15 Hours/Week
Less than $\frac{1}{2}$ Time	5-8 Hours/Week	6-10 Hours/Week
$\frac{1}{4}$ Time or Less	1-4 Hours/Week	1-5 Hours/Week

**TABLES FOR CREDIT HOUR TRAINING TIME EQUIVALENCY,
MEASUREMENT OF COURSES, AND PAYMENT RATES**

TRAINING TIME EQUIVALENCY TABLE - FULL TIME = 12 OR MORE SEMESTER HOURS

Number of Weeks Per Term

Semester Hrs.Per Term	15														
	to19	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
12 or more	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT								
11	3/4	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT							
10	3/4	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT							
9	3/4	3/4	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT						
8	1/2	3/4	3/4	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT
7	1/2	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT
6	1/2	1/2	1/2	3/4	3/4	3/4	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT
5	-1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	3/4	3/4	3/4	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT
4	-1/2	-1/2	-1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	3/4	3/4	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT
3	1/4	1/4	-1/2	-1/2	-1/2	-1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	3/4	3/4	FT	FT	FT	FT
2	1/4	1/4	1/4	1/4	1/4	1/4	-1/2	-1/2	-1/2	1/2	1/2	3/4	FT	FT	FT
1	1/4	1/4	1/4	1/4	1/4	1/4	1/4	1/4	1/4	1/4	1/4	-1/2	1/2	3/4	FT

TABLES FOR CREDIT HOUR TRAINING TIME EQUIVALENCY,

MEASUREMENT OF COURSES, AND PAYMENT RATES

TRAINING TIME EQUIVALENCY TABLE -FULL TIME = 12 OR MORE QUARTER HOURS

		Number of Weeks Per Term									
Quarter	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
Hrs.Per	to13										
Term											
12 or more	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT
11	3/4	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT
10	3/4	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT
9	3/4	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT
8	1/2	3/4	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT
7	1/2	3/4	3/4	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT
6	1/2	1/2	3/4	3/4	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT
5	-1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	3/4	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT
4	-1/2	-1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	3/4	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT
3	1/4	-1/2	-1/2	-1/2	1/2	1/2	3/4	FT	FT	FT	FT
2	1/4	1/4	1/4	1/4	-1/2	-1/2	1/2	1/2	FT	FT	FT
1	1/4	1/4	1/4	1/4	1/4	1/4	1/4	-1/2	1/2	FT	FT

INTERVAL PAYMENT

Interval Payment (Break pay) is paid between quarters, semesters, and sessions according to the rules described below and outlined in the flow chart that follows. Intervals are paid at the rate in effect on the ending date preceding the interval. Interval pay is paid automatically by VA unless one of the following bars precludes payment for the break.

Bars to Interval Payment. VA is not allowed to pay benefits for:

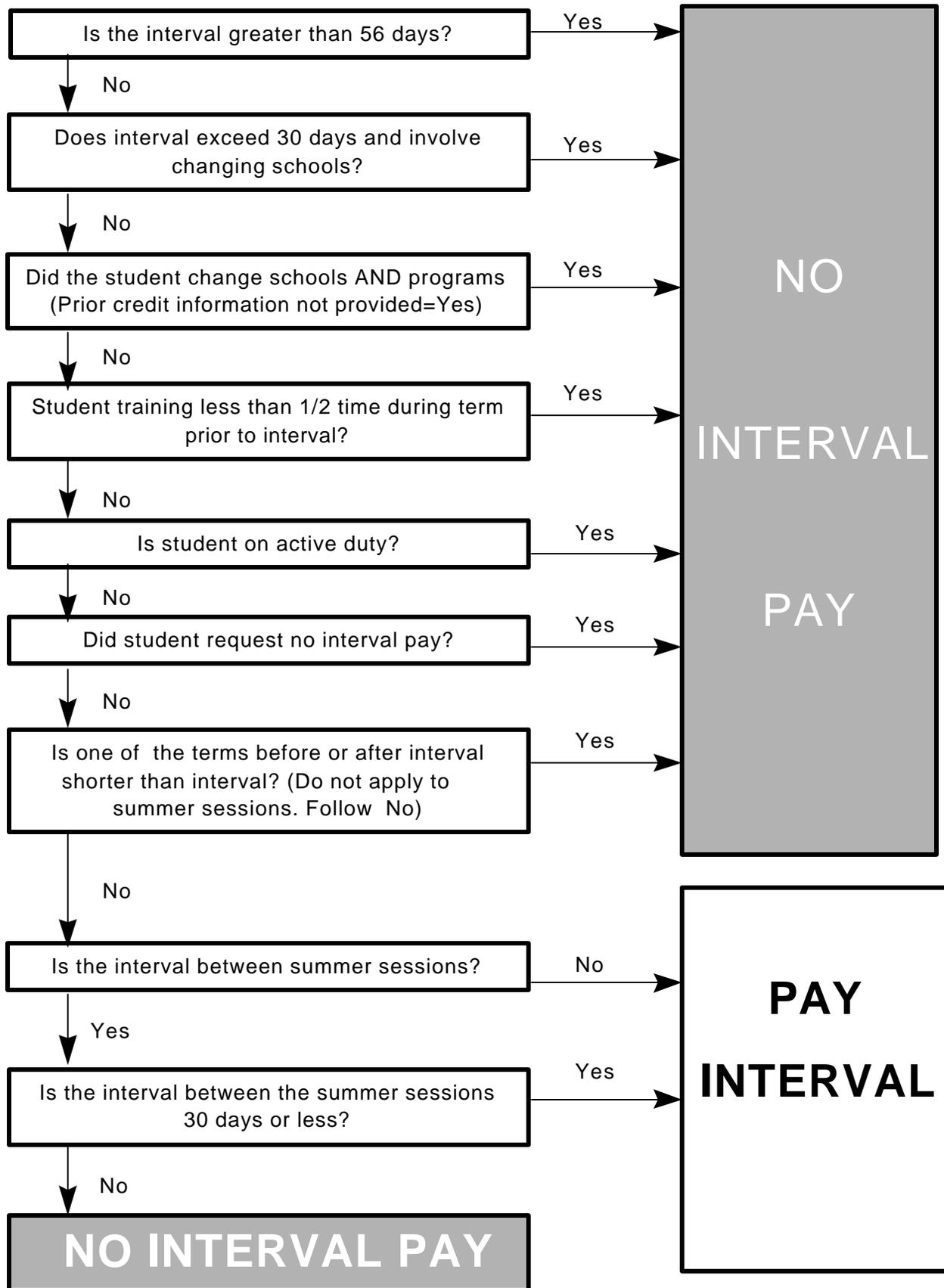
1. An interval between terms that exceeds 8 weeks (56 days).
2. An interval between terms that is longer than the terms before or after the interval.
3. An interval between terms that **exceeds** 30 days if the student transfers from one school to another, but is not charged with a change of program.
4. An interval of any length when a student transfers from one school to another and is charged with a change of program. If a change of program occurs and the student remains in the same school, normal interval pay rules apply.
5. Any interval between terms, regardless of length, if the student is:
On active duty, **or**
The student is training at the less than ½-time rate on the last day preceding the interval.
6. Any interval that is a break between the end of one school year and the beginning of another at a school that does not operate on a term basis.
7. Any interval for which the student requests that the interval not be paid as long as the request is made before the award is authorized.
8. An interval where it is to the student's advantage not to receive break pay. For example, if entitlement for a chapter 30 student is exhausted during the break, the break won't be paid so the student can be paid for the term that follows the break.
9. An interval of any length where the student withdraws from all courses in the term preceding the interval.

Special Rules that Apply to Summer Terms

Interval payment for summer terms (the intervals between individual summer sessions and between summer sessions and the spring or fall terms) follows unique rules.

1. Interval pay is paid for a break **between summer sessions** only if the break does not exceed 30 days.
2. To pay the interval between Spring and Summer terms or Summer and Fall terms, the term **before and after** the interval must be longer than the interval period and the interval may not exceed 56 days. The length of the summer term is the combined length of summer sessions the student is enrolled excluding any break between sessions.

FOR ALL TERMS: When there are overlapping enrollment periods, each beginning and ending date must be considered and the interval paid using the combination of dates that pay the highest rate to the student.



Interval Pay Flowchart
March 2003

COMPARISON OF EDUCATION PROGRAMS

	CH 30	CH 32	CH 35	CH 1606
ELIGIBILITY	2 years active duty, 3 years active duty, or 2 years active duty plus 4 years reserves.	181 days active duty if enlisted before 9/8/80, 24 months active duty there-after.	Veteran's death or permanent and total disability result of service.	Completion of initial active duty for training plus reserve training. Must be active reservist.
BENEFITS FOR INSERVICE STUDENT	Benefit payable after 2 years continuous active duty. Payment may not exceed tuition and fees.	Benefit payable upon completion of specified period of service.	No	Yes
MAXIMUM ENTITLEMENT	36 months. May extend to end of term if expires during term, or up to 12 weeks or end of course if not on term system.	48 months maximum under two or more programs		
		36 months. No extensions.	45 months. No extensions except for child in special restorative training.	36 months. No extensions.
DELIMITING DATE	10 years after discharge. May extend for later period of active duty or disability that prevents completion of program.	10 years after discharge. May extend for later period of active duty or disability that prevents completion of program.	Child: (1) Basic: age 18 to 26. Extension to age 31 for conditions beyond control or for military active duty possible. (2) 8 years from date found eligible if found eligible between 18-26. Spouse: 10 years from date of vets service connected death or date VA determined service connected, which ever is later. May extend to end of term if delimiting date during term, or up to 12 weeks or end of course if not on term system; but can't exceed maximum entitlement.	14 years from date of eligibility or separation from reserves whichever is earlier. May extend if disability incurred or aggravated by service in selected reserve prevents completion of program.
PARTICIPANT PAYMENT	\$100/12 months (Category II, 34/30, doesn't contribute).	\$25-\$100 per month up to \$2700. Lump sum payment permitted.	N/A	N/A
REFUND OF PAYMENT	Only as a death benefit to survivors in certain cases	Yes (decision final once check cashed)	N/A	N/A

	CH 30	CH 32	CH 35	CH 1606
DEPENDENTS ALLOWANCE	No, except for category II (34/30).	No	No	No
ELEM. & H. S. TRAINING	No	Yes	Yes	No
REMEDIAL, DEFICIENCY & REFRESHER TRAINING	Yes, with entitlement charge	Yes, with entitlement charge	Yes, entitlement charged after first 5 months of full-time training	Yes, effective 10-1-90 with entitlement charge
COOPERATIVE TRAINING	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Note: Co-op rate was 80% of full-time rate before 10/1/96.			
FLIGHT TRAINING	Yes, for 60% of approved charges	Yes, for 60% of approved charges	No	Yes, for 60% of approved charges
INCARCER-ATED STUDENTS	Benefits reduced	Benefits reduced	Benefits reduced	Benefits reduced
APPRENTICE & OJT	75% 1st 6 months 55% 2nd 6 months 35% remaining months	75% 1st 6 months 55% 2nd 6 months 35% remaining months	\$495 1st 6 months \$370 2nd 6 months \$246 3rd 6 months \$124 remainder	75%-1st 6 months 55% 2nd 6 months 35% remaining months
CORRESPONDENCE TRAINING	Reimbursed 55%	Reimbursed 100%	Spouse: reimbursed 55% Child: no benefits for corres. training	Reimbursed 55%
TUTORIAL ASSISTANCE	Yes. Maximum \$1200. Not more than \$100 per month. No entitlement charge for first \$600.	Yes. Maximum \$1200. Not more than \$100 per month. No entitlement charge for first \$600.	Yes. Maximum \$1200. Not more than \$100 per month. No entitlement charge.	Yes. Maximum \$1200. Not more than \$100 per month. No entitlement charge for first \$600.
MONTHLY VERIFICATION	IHL & NCD	NCD only VAF 22-8979	NCD only VAF 22-8979	Before 6-1-02 NCD only IHL & NCD effective 6-1-02
BARS TO BENEFITS	<p>Can not receive benefits : 1) Concurrently under two programs . 2) On active duty for a course paid for in whole or part by the Armed Forces. 3) For course paid for by the Federal Government under the Government Employee' Training Act.</p>			
	Not eligible if: Service Academy graduate or ROTC commissioned officer who received ROTC scholarship unless eligible before commissioned or the scholarship was \$3400 or less in any one year while under the ROTC program.		Not eligible if: On active duty except for brief periods of active duty for training.	Not eligible if: 1) Receive ROTC scholarship financial assistance. 2) <1/2-time and in receipt of military tuition assistance.

FORMS

Forms List

These are the forms you are most likely to see as a certifying official. Most VA forms are available on the VA website located at www.gibill.va.gov. Enrollment Certificates VA Form 22-1999 and Changes in Student Status, VA Form 22-1999b are not on the website. Contact your ELR or publications unit at the local regional office for these forms

DD-214	Discharge from Military Service
NOBE	Notice of Basic Eligibility
21-686c	Declaration of Status of Dependents
21-674	Request for Approval of School Attendance
21-8924	Application of Surviving Spouse or Child for REPS Benefits
21-8926	Certification of School Attendance - REPS
22-1990	Application of Education Benefits
22-1990t	Application and Enrollment Certification for Individualized Tutorial Assistance
22-1995	Request for Change of Program or Place of Training
22-5490	Application for Survivors' and Dependents' Education Assistance
22-5495	Request for Change of Program or Place of Training
22-1999	Enrollment Certification
22-1999b	Notice of Change in Student Status
22-8794	Designation of Certifying Official(s)
22-8873	Supplemental Information for Change of Program or Reenrollment after Unsatisfactory Attendance, Conduct or Progress
22-8979	Student Verification of Enrollment. This form is to be eliminated. Verification will be done using phone or internet.
28-1900	Disabled Veterans Application for Vocational Rehabilitation
28-1905	Authorization and Certification of Entrance or Reentrance into Rehabilitation and Certification of Status

A description of the use for each form follows.

MILITARY FORMS

DD-214

The DD-214 is the veteran's discharge or separation papers. You need to ask for Member Copy 4. This is indicated on the bottom of the form, and this form shows the individual's type of discharge and reason for discharge.

NOBE

The NOBE is a Notice of Basic Eligibility. This is a temporary eligibility certificate that is issued to individuals in the active Selective Reserves or National Guard who have established eligibility for Chapter 1606, but whose computer record has not yet been updated to show the eligibility.

VA FORMS

21-686C - Declaration of Status of Dependents

Is used to notify VA of a veterans' dependents, including spouse, children, step-children and adopted children. Only some Chapter 30 veterans and those applying for Vocational Rehabilitation are entitled to additional payment for dependents.

21-674 - Request for Approval of School Attendance

Is used for each dependent child between the ages of 18 and 23 if the child is attending school or if the child is permanently disabled. This is used only for dependents of some Chapter 30 veterans and those applying for Vocational Rehabilitation.

21-8924 - Application of Surviving Spouse or Child for REPS Benefits (Restored Entitlement Program for Survivors)

This form is used by certain spouses and school children to apply for benefits under the Restored Entitlement Program for Survivors (REPS). This program restores certain Social Security benefits that were reduced or terminated by Public Law 97-35. Claimants under this

program should submit their applications to the St. Louis Regional Office, 400 So. 18th Street, St. Louis, MO 63103.

21-8926 - Certification of School Attendance - REPS

Form 21-8926, Certification of School Attendance REPS, will be sent to the student no later than 30 days after commencement of scheduled attendance. It must be completed by the school certifying official and returned to VA within 30 days or further REPS payments will be discontinued.

22-1990 - Application For Education Benefits

(Chapters 30 and 32, title 38, U.S.C., Section 903, Public Law 96-342, Chapter 1606, title 10, U.S.C.)

This is an original application to be used by servicepersons, veterans, and reservists to apply for the following VA education benefits; VEAP (Chapter 32), Non-Contributory VEAP (Section 903), Montgomery G.I. Bill - Active Duty Educational Assistance Program (Chapter 30), and Montgomery G.I. Bill - Selected Reserve Educational Assistance Program (Chapter 1606). If an applicant is on active duty, Part II must also be completed by the serviceperson's Education Services Officer.

22-1990t-Application and Enrollment Certification for Individualized Tutorial Assistance

Form 22-1990t, Application and Enrollment Certification for Individualized Tutorial Assistance, is a multipurpose form. It combines an application for tutorial assistance from the claimant and a certification of the need for tutorial assistance from the institution. All claims for tutorial assistance are to be made on Form 22-1990t. An individual claim may be submitted at the end of each month or the claim may be delayed and cover more than 1 month. However, tutorial assistance may be authorized only for tutoring received within the 1-year period prior to the date the claim was received in VA. In no case may the allowance of any one month exceed \$100.

22-1995-Request for Change of Program or Place of Training

The Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) Education Service has been provided a General Counsel opinion which states enrollment certifications reflecting a change of program or place of training may be accepted by VA if the student countersigns it. In these instances, it is not necessary for the student to complete VA Form 22-1995, Request for Change of Program or Place of Training.

What you should do:

In those cases where the Enrollment Certification (VA Form 22-1999) represents a change from the students previous school or program, Enter the statement, "**I request a change of program of place of training**" in the Remarks section of the enrollment certification and have the student sign it before submitting it. This procedure may be applied to any paper enrollment certification sent to VA.



eCERT Schools using electronic certification (ECERT) may annotate the student's request in the Remarks block of the electronic enrollment certification. The schools must enter, "Student's signed request for this change of program or place of training on file" in the Remarks block.

IMPORTANT: Schools using ECERT must have a signed copy of the form **or** any other signed request for this change from the student in the student's folder.

If the new program or place of training requested by the student on the ECERT generated enrollment certification is not approved, St. Louis may request a copy of the document signed by the student requesting the change from the school before disallowing the claim.

During on site and remote compliance surveys, Education Liaison Representatives and Education Compliance Survey Specialists will check the student records to verify the proper signatures are in the students' folders.

22-5490 - Application For Survivors' And Dependents' Educational Assistance (Chapter 35)

This application is to be used by eligible spouses, surviving spouses, and children of veterans who died while on active duty or as a result of a service-connected condition and dependents of veterans who are permanently and totally disabled due to a service connected condition, to apply for education benefits.

22-5495 - Request For Change Of Program Or Place Of Training: Survivors' And Dependents' Educational Assistance

The Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) Education Service has been provided a General Counsel opinion which states enrollment certifications reflecting a change of program or place of training may be accepted by VA if the student countersigns it. In these instances, it is not necessary for the student to complete VA Form 22-5495, Request for Change of Program or Place of Training, Survivors' and Dependent's Educational Assistance.

What you should do:

In those cases where the Enrollment Certification (VA Form 22-1999) represents a change from the students previous school or program, Enter the statement, "**I request a change of program of place of training**" in the Remarks section of the enrollment certification and have the student sign it before submitting it. This procedure may be applied to any paper enrollment certification sent to VA.



eCERT Schools using electronic certification (ECERT) may annotate the student's request in the Remarks block of the electronic enrollment certification. The schools must enter, "Student's signed request for this change of program or place of training on file" in the Remarks block.

IMPORTANT: Schools using ECERT must have a signed copy of the form **or** any other signed request for this change from the student in the student's folder.

If the new program or place of training requested by the student on the ECERT generated enrollment certification is not approved, St. Louis may request a copy of the document signed by the student requesting the change from the school before disallowing the claim.

During on site and remote compliance surveys, Education Liaison Representatives and Education Compliance Survey Specialists will check the student records to verify the proper signatures are in the students' folders.

22-1999 - Enrollment Certificate

The certifying official will generally be certifying the student's entry into training by completing an Enrollment Certification, VA Form 22-1999. Certifying officials should note all of the certifications listed on the reverse side of the form. Entitlement to benefits administered by VA cannot be established nor award action taken until the Enrollment Certification is properly completed by the school's or training facility's certifying official and received by VA. In limited instances involving telephone inquiries or special hardship cases, a verbal certification by the certifying official may be accepted. Written confirmation, however, should follow. If an Advance Payment is delivered to the student, a VA Form 22-1999v, Certification of Delivery of Advance Payment and Enrollment (COD), must also be submitted within 30 days after the student begins training. It is recommended that the certifying official make a copy of any VA Form 22-1999v completed as evidence of having submitted that certification.

Supplies of VA Form 22-1999 are distributed to all institutional certifying officials by the VA regional processing office or ELR. Contact your ELR to obtain the form. It is not available from the VA web site.

MAILING AND TRANSMITTING ENROLLMENT CERTIFICATIONS

Education claims are processed in St. Louis. The address is:

**Department of Veterans Affairs
VA Regional Processing Office
PO Box 66830
St. Louis, MO 63166**

Enrollment certifications can be submitted up to 120 days before the term begins, unless training time is less than ½-time or the veteran is on active duty. If a student is less than ½-time or on active duty, the Enrollment Certification must be submitted on or after the first day of class and tuition and fees must be reported. Enrollment Certifications for flight training must also be submitted on or after the first day of training.

NOTE: There will be a small number of certifications VA's computer systems won't accept before the term starts. When this happens, we will hold the certification and input it after the term begins.



eCERT: If an **original** application (22-1990 or 22-5490) must be filed, **you may transmit** the 1999 electronically. In remarks state the application was mailed or transmitted electronically and the date sent. When sending subsequent enrollments, do not enter anything in the 1999's remarks section unless it's required or absolutely necessary. Use those remarks exactly as they are described.

Electronic 1999s are processed by VA's Electronic Certification Automated Processing (ECAP) program. Many 1999s can be processed by ECAP the day they are received. If

there's an entry in the remarks section, ECAP can't process the 1999 completely. It can only input the 1999's data into a "pending issue file" and refer the 1999 to an adjudicator to review and to finish. . Some examples of unnecessary remarks are: Confirmed Enrollment, Summer 1999, full-time, overlapping terms, accelerated terms, and Chapter 30.

Keep in mind that ECAP can currently only process up to 3 separate enrollment lines per enrollment certification. Please try to limit your electronic submissions to 3 enrollment lines. However, it is important to list each term. For instance, don't combine the academic year into one line if the student is taking the same number of hours each quarter or semester. Each quarter or semester should be reported on a separate line. As enhancements are made to ECAP, a larger and larger percentage of 1999s will be processed by machine. We are working on improvements that would also allow processing of 1999bs.

SUPPLEMENTAL AND CONCURRENT ENROLLMENTS

A student may take courses at more than one school that apply to his or her degree. The school that will grant the degree is the student's "parent" school. All other schools are "secondary" schools.

VA can pay benefits for courses taken at secondary schools. If the student is enrolled at the secondary school, VA will pay for the credits taken at the secondary. If the student is enrolled at the parent and the secondary school at the same time ("concurrent"); VA will pay for the combined credit, taking overlapping enrollment dates into account.

If You're the "Parent" School

If a student takes courses elsewhere that satisfy requirements of a degree he or she is pursuing at your school, then you are the parent school and the other school is the secondary school. Prepare a letter (hereafter called a "parent school letter") addressed to the VA Certifying Official at the secondary school. Mail, e-mail, or let the student hand carry the letter to the secondary school. Keep a copy of the letter in the student's file. The letter must:

1. Identify the student (name and social security number) as a student at your school (name and facility code) pursuing a *<insert name of program>*.
2. State, "The courses listed below satisfy *<insert name of program>* requirements and will transfer at full value to *<insert name of your school>*."
3. List the courses the student is or will take at the secondary school that your school will accept as transfer credit towards the student's program.

Ensure a transcript is obtained from the secondary school and that transfer credit is granted, grades permitting. When a compliance survey is conducted, your records will be

reviewed to see if the course applied to the student's program and to see if transfer credit was granted, grade permitting.

If You're the "Secondary" School

If a student takes courses at your school that will apply to a degree the student is pursuing elsewhere, you are the secondary school and the other school is the parent school. The student's parent school will send you a parent school letter. Mail an *Enrollment Certification* or transmit a 1999 for the student as you would for any veteran student (remember tuition and fees), except:

1. Only certify courses listed in the parent school letter.
2. Enter "Supplemental enrollment, see remarks" for name of program.
3. Enter "NA" for Credit Allowed.
4. In remarks, write: "Supplemental enrollment. Parent school letter from <insert name and facility code of parent school > is on file. Student taking <insert the course number, course title, and number of credits of each course you certified>."
5. Secondary schools must **report all changes in enrollment** for secondary students. Mail a *Notice of Change in Student Status* or transmit a 1999b to VA. Complete notices of change as you would for any veteran student, but in remarks include the statement: "Change in supplemental status. <Insert name of parent school> is parent school." Keep copies of all secondary enrollment paperwork. As a courtesy, mail copies of secondary enrollment certifications and notices of change in student status to the parent school. Annotate the copy "File copy FYI".

NOTE: E-mail parent school letters are fine. The e-mail message simply needs to convey all the facts outlined in the parent school instructional and a copy of the message must be kept by the parent school in the students file.

**PARENT SCHOOL LETTER
(Suggested Format)**

NAME AND ADDRESS OF
PRIMARY/PARENT INSTITUTION

Date

NAME AND ADDRESS OF
SUPPLEMENTAL INSTITUTION

This is to certify that **(Student's Name)**, **(Claim Number)** whose major is **(Name of Program)**, may enroll in the following courses at **(Name of Supplemental Institution)** during the **(Show the term, fall, spring, etc.)**, 19__.

List of course(s) by title and number:

Student **(IS/IS NOT)** concurrently certified at this school in **(Number of Hours)** for the period **(Beginning through ending date of period enrolled)**.

The number of hours of previous training that apply are **(Insert prior credit)**.

SIGNED BY THE CERTIFYING OFFICIAL

TELEPHONE NUMBER

See pages 65 and 66 for step by step instructions on how to complete VA for 22-1999.

22-1999b - Notice of Change in Student Status

Whenever there is any change in a student's enrollment status from what had previously been reported to VA, it is the school's responsibility to report such change promptly using VA Form 22-1999b. The student's benefits will be adjusted by VA in accordance with how this form is completed. Therefore, it is very important that all items as appropriate be completed accurately by the certifying official to reflect the actual enrollment changes a student may make. The data included on this form are generally in accordance with the same procedures used for completion of the Enrollment Certification, VA Form 22-1999.

Note: VA Form 22-1999b, Notice of Change in Student Status, is used to notify VA of changes to previously certified periods of enrollment. It is not to be used as an Enrollment Certification for subsequent periods of enrollment.

HOW TO SUBMIT TERMINATIONS AND ADJUSTMENTS

The *Notice of Change in Student Status* (VA Form 22-1999b) is divided into two distinct parts: adjustment and termination.

- **Adjustment** means a change needs to be made to the data previously certified. The day the change is effective and the type of adjustment should be reported. If training time drops to less than ½-time, tuition and fees must be reported.
- **Termination** means the student is no longer in school. The last date of attendance and the reason for termination should be reported.

DROPS AND WITHDRAWALS

All withdrawals must be reported. Reductions do not have to be reported unless training time changes. If a student certified for 15 credits drops a course, it isn't necessary to report the change unless applicable credits drop below 12. If a reduction drops a student to less than ½-time, tuition and fees must be reported. Be careful with nonstandard enrollment period reductions.

NOTE: Changes in tuition and fees must be reported for students on active duty or training at less than 1/2-time even if there is no change in the actual training time.

If a student withdraws during the college's drop-add period, identify the adjustment or termination as "during drop period". The drop-add period is the period at the beginning of the quarter or semester when a student can withdraw from a course and the withdrawal or termination is not recorded on the student's transcript. A drop date **can not be more than 30 days** from the beginning date of the quarter or semester for VA purposes.

If a student withdraws after the drop period, report the adjustment or termination as “after drop period–nonpunitive grades assigned” or “after drop period–punitive grades assigned” as appropriate. A nonpunitive grade is a grade that is not calculated into the student’s grade point average. A punitive grade is a grade that is calculated into the student’s grade point average. Accurately identify whether the grade is nonpunitive or punitive. The action VA takes differs for nonpunitive and punitive grades. If the grade is nonpunitive mitigating circumstances are an issue. Check “Yes”, “No”, or “Unknown” in the mitigating circumstances box.



eCERT: Terminology is slightly different in ECERT; for example, “during drop-add period”, “after drop-add NP” (nonpunitive), and “after drop-add P” (punitive).

REPORTING INCOMPLETES TO VA

Reporting the assignment of an "I" (Incomplete) grade to VA will depend on several factors.

- Does the “I” grade remain as or change to a nonpunitive grade if the student fails to complete the course within one year **and**
- Does the reduction impact training time.

An "I" grade that will change to a **punitive** grade if the student does not complete it is **not reported** as a reduction in training to VA. Any "I" grade that will remain nonpunitive in nature must be reported if it results in a reduction in training time.

Note: Punitive grades are used to calculate the students GPA. Nonpunitive grades do not impact GPA.

Example 1: A student taking 12 credits during the Fall Semester receives an "I" grade in a 4 credit course. The "I" will become a punitive "F" grade if not completed by the end of the spring semester.
What you should do: Do not report the "I" grade to VA since it will change to a punitive grade.

Example 2: A student enrolled taking 12 credits during the Fall Semester receives an "I" grade in a 4 credit course. The "I" grade will remain indefinitely unless the student completes the course. The "I" is not used in determining GPA and is therefore a nonpunitive grade.

What you should do: Report a reduction effective the last day of the term from 12 credits to 8 credits. In the remarks section please put: “This reduction is being reported because a nonpunitive "I" grade was assigned.”

Remember: Provide tuition and fees information whenever the training time falls below ½ time.

When/if the student completes the course: If the "I" grade is replaced in the student's academic record with a creditable passing grade **or** with a **punitive** failing grade, you must report the grade change. Report to VA an increase in training time, from 8 credits to 12 credits, effective the last day of the Fall Semester. In the remarks section put: “This change in enrollment status is to inform you of the replacement of an “I” grade previously reported.”

IMPORTANT NOTICE!!

WHEN YOU REPORT A CHANGE IN TRAINING TIME TO VA BE SURE TO ADVISE US HOW TO PAY ANY SUBSEQUENT TERM THAT HAS BEEN CERTIFIED.

Example: Your school certified a student for Fall Semester, 8-25-02 to 12-23-02 at 12 credits and for spring semester 1-3-03 to 5-21-03 at 12 credits. The student withdraws from a 4 credit class 11-22-02 and a non punitive "W" grade is assigned. The student continues spring semester taking 12 credits.

What you should do: Transmit or send a change in status showing the reduction to 8 credits effective 11-22-02. If there are mitigating circumstances, indicate so on the enrollment. ***In the remarks section of the form*** state the student continues to be enrolled 1-3-03 to 5-21-03 taking 12 credits. You may also provide a statement of mitigating circumstances in the remarks section if you know them.



ECERT: When you reduce a quarter or semester and a subsequent enrollment period has already been certified, click on "Accept" a window will ask, "Is the student attending period(s) "1-3-03 to 5-21-03" If you choose yes, the remark "Student will attend all subsequent enrollment periods as previously certified" will automatically be put in remarks and VA will not change what you certified for the subsequent period(s). If you choose no, VA will reduce all subsequent enrollment periods.

If you do not include the statement "student continues to be enrolled 1-3-03 to 5-21-03 taking 12 credits" in the remarks section VA will reduce the students award to ½ time (for 8 credits) from 11-22-02 through 5-12-03.

22-1999V, Certification of Delivery of Advance Pay

This form is used to verify that the student has received the advance pay from the school, and that the student is registered. The student signs the 22-1999V after registering, and after receiving the advance pay, and the school returns the 22-1999V to VA.

22-8794 - Designation of Certifying Official(s)

This form is completed by a responsible official with the authority to designate certifying officials for the school or training establishment.

This form must be completed whenever there is a change in any of the information. **IMPORTANT:** Include the names, titles and signatures of all certifying officials, not just the changed information.

The ELR for your state is responsible for processing changes in certifying officials. Send the completed form to your ELR.

22-8873 - Supplemental Information for Change of Program or Reentrance after Unsatisfactory Attendance, Conduct or Progress

When counseling has not been requested on VA Form 22-1995 and no or insufficient evidence is on record for VA to determine eligibility for resumption of benefits, a VA Form 22-8873, Supplemental Information for Change of Program or Reenrollment After Unsatisfactory Progress or Conduct, will be sent to the student. This form requests information relative to the cause for unsatisfactory progress or conduct, its removal, and the suitability of the program to be pursued.

28-1900 - Disabled Veterans Application For Vocational Rehabilitation

(Chapter 31, Title 38, U.S.C.)

This application is used by veteran to apply for Vocational Rehabilitation benefits. If the veteran is found eligible, VA will schedule an appointment with a counseling psychologist for an initial evaluation to establish the veteran's entitlement to Vocational Rehabilitation.

28-1905-Authorization and Certification of Entrance or Reentrance into Rehabilitation and Certification of Status

The veteran's entrance into rehabilitation is authorized with VA Form 28-1905. This form is valid for the period designated by the case management contractor. The school will receive the VA Form 28-1905 (copies 1, 2, 3 and 4) after the veteran has completed rehabilitation counseling. If an advance payment has been approved, the certifying official will find that indication in Section B of the form. If the advance payment has been approved, the certifying official should complete Section C of the form based upon the early registration data available. The completed VA Form 28-1905 should then be returned to the case management contractor. If advance payment is not approved, the certifying official may complete Section C of the form as verification of the veteran's entrance into training up to 30 days prior to the

beginning date of the enrollment period. The school copy of VA Form 28-1905 should be removed and kept as part of the school records and the veteran's copy should be removed and given to the student before returning copies 1 and 2 to case management contractor.

Reports of changes in the enrollment status of a Chapter 31 program participant are required in the same circumstances as applicable to students training under any other VA educational assistance program.

Since no special form has been issued by VA for reporting changes in enrollment for a Chapter 31 trainee, the certifying official may use VA Form 22-1999b with the annotation, "Chapter 31 Trainee" added in the top margin of the form. Send the form to the case management contractor.

CERTIFICATION-Step by Step

The following certifications are samples of the correct and incorrect way to submit various enrollment types. The most important change is certification for the entire school year. It is particularly important to list each term separately.

The Certification Process Step by Step:

1. **Name of Student:** Please include middle initial.
2. **File Number:** Usually the Social Security Number. For chapter 35 students the file number will be the parent's file number with a letter after it.
3. **Current Address.** NOTE: This will not change auto deposit.
4. **Students Social Security Number.** Enter here only if different from #2
5. **Type of Training:** Check appropriate box.
6. **Name of Program:** Degree, major or certificate program name.
7. **Credit Allowed For Previous Civilian or Military Training and Experience:** Report only those credits that would shorten the length of the training program listed in 8.
 - ☞ Must be completed for all students
 - ☞ If prior training is still being evaluated enter "Pending"
 - ☞ If there is no credit allowed enter "None" or "0"
 - ☞ If credit is given, enter number of credits or clock hours applied to reduce the training time required to complete the program.
 - ☞ DO NOT report credits that will not count toward graduation requirements of the current program.
8. **Enrollment Effective Dates:** Report the starting date and ending date of each term on a separate line. On ECERT do not exceed more than 3 lines per certification. You may certify up to one full school year on a single certification. Whenever possible, certify the entire school year. You should not certify more than one year on a certification.
9. **Credit Hour Courses:** Show credits in appropriate block. Independent study courses are measured the same as in residence. There are no longer restrictions on the number of independent study courses taken per term.
10. **Clock Hour Courses:** Show the hours per week. Practical training, Internships, Practums etc. offered in credits can also be reported in clock hours if it will increase training time. We will pay the highest benefit possible to the students.
11. **Charges for Period of Instruction:** Show the tuition and fee charges when the student is less than ½ time or on active duty.

12. **Training Time Graduate or Advanced Professional:** School must tell us the training time for all graduate or advanced professional students. Payment rate is based on training time school tells us, not the number of credits.

13. **Advance Payment Request:** Student must sign a request for advance payment. The request must be received by VA at least 30 days prior to the start of classes.

14. **Remarks:** Use only when needed to explain a complicated enrollment. It is important to show any breaks that occur during a nonstandard term.

16A. **Signature and Title of Certifying Official:** Must be a person listed on VA Form 22-8894 "Designation of Certifying Official(s)."

18B. **Name and Address of School or Training Establishment:** Please include your facility code in this box along with name and address.

18C **Telephone Number of Certifying Official:** Please provide your phone number so if there is a question on the certification it will be easy to contact you.

16D. **Date Signed:** Chapter 30 and advance pay requests and continuous enrollments for other chapters may be sent up to 120 days in advance.

16 E. **Facility Code:** The facility code is an 8 digit number assigned by the VA. eCERT will automatically insert the number. Your ELR can provide you with the number if you do not know it.

**AVOID PROBLEMS
SPEED PROCESSING
USE eCERT**

Call Up Questions and Answers

Effect of Call-Up to Active Duty on VA Education Benefits

Montgomery GI Bill-Selected Reserve (Chapter 1606)

What if the student is receiving chapter 1606 benefits, is called up and has to drop out of school without receiving credit?

- The student is entitled to chapter 1606 benefits through the date he/she dropped out of school.
- If called up under title 10 (federal authority), VA will restore the students entitlement charged for the period the student received benefits. For example, students in school one month and had to drop out, would keep the money for that period and VA will add back a month to their entitlement for them to use at a later time. Students called up under title 32 (State authority), do not receive the entitlement restoration benefit.
- If a student has been overpaid education benefits, VA will not pursue collection action if deployed to a combat area.

What is the effect of call-up on the period of eligibility for chapter 1606 students?

Students activated for even one day under title 10, are eligible to have VA extend their period of eligibility by the period of your active duty plus 4 months. They receive a separate extension for each call-up. This extension is not available if they are called up under title 32. Students will need to provide VA with a copy of their DD214 to have the delimiting date extended

Can students continue to use chapter 1606 after they have been called up?

In general yes. This is a decision by the students military component. Since DOD determines eligibility for chapter 1606, continued payment would depend on whether the students unit kept the student eligible in their system. We have not seen any cases yet where eligibility was terminated because of a call up.

What documentation should the school send to VA?

Schools should report all withdrawals or reductions in training time on VA Form 22-1999b. It is important that you report the actual date of withdrawal. In the remarks section indicate "Called to active duty." Do not use the first day of the term (Unless the student actually withdraws the first day of the term) even when all tuition and fees will be refunded and the transcript will show no record of the students enrollment. If possible, send us a copy of the students orders. Do not send us lists of students activated. A separate 22-1999b must be completed for each.

Montgomery GI Bill (Active Duty) (Chapter 30)

Questions affecting those already eligible for chapter 30

What if a student is receiving chapter 30 benefits, is called up and has to drop out of school without receiving credit?

- The student is entitled to chapter 30 benefits through the date he/she dropped out of school.
- If the student is called up under title 10 (federal authority), VA will restore the entitlement you were charged for the period that you received benefits. For example, if students are in school one month and have to drop out, they keep the money for that period and VA will add back a month to their entitlement for use at a later time. If called up under title 32 (State authority), they don't receive the entitlement restoration benefit.
- If a student has been overpaid education benefits, VA will not pursue collection action if deployed to a combat area.

What if the student is already on active duty and must stop school due to a new duty assignment or increased workload?

The same principle applies as if the student were called up to active duty. They are entitled to chapter 30 benefits through the date they dropped out and are entitled to the entitlement restoration benefit.

What are the effects of call-up on the student's period of eligibility?

The period of eligibility (commonly called your delimiting period) is extended from the student's last date of discharge or release from active duty provided they serve at least 90 days on active duty. There is an exception to the 90-day requirement if discharged or released for a service connected disability, for a non-service connected medical condition which preexisted the later active duty service, for hardship, or because of a reduction in force for the convenience of the government. A student would not receive this extension of eligibility if called up under title 32 (State authority) for operational purposes within your State. Students will need to provide VA with a copy of their DD214 to have the delimiting date extended.

Can the student receive chapter 30 benefits during the call-up period?

Yes, if they established chapter eligibility before the call-up. **NOTE:** *It is important to remember chapter 30 students on active duty are only reimbursed for tuition and fees. If your school is not going to charge the student, no benefit would be payable after the date they are called to active duty.*

What documentation should the school send to VA?

Schools should report all withdrawals or reductions in training time on VA Form 22-1999b. It is important that you report the actual date of withdrawal. In the remarks section indicate "Called to active duty." Do not use the first day of the term (Unless the student actually withdraws the first day of the term) even when all tuition and fees will be refunded and the transcript will show no record of the student's enrollment. If possible, you should send us a copy of the student's orders. Do not send us lists of students activated. A separate 22-1999b must be completed for each student. You should notify us of chapter 30 students who will remain enrolled in school, the date activated and tuition and fees for the term.

Montgomery GI Bill (Active Duty) (Chapter 30)

Questions affecting those not already eligible for chapter 30

Can a student called up for less than 2 years under title 10 and who has never established chapter 30 eligibility become eligible for the benefit?

Service resulting from call ups under title 10 is generally not qualifying for chapter 30.

What if the student is called up for 2 years or more?

These students will be eligible for chapter 30 in most cases unless they decline chapter 30 in writing.

What if the student was initially called up for less than 2 years but is extended so that they do serve at least 2 years?

In most cases, they will be eligible for chapter 30.

Does the military collect \$1,200 from if they are going to be eligible for chapter 30?

Yes.

Can students use the same period of active duty to establish eligibility under both chapters 30 and 1606?

No. One period of service can only be used to establish eligibility to one program or the other. The student can choose whichever is best in their best interest.

Can students receive chapter 30 benefits while called up?

If they are establishing eligibility based on the call-up period, they must wait until they have served 24 months to use benefits. If already eligible for chapter 30 when they were called up, they may begin using benefits immediately. **NOTE:** *It is important to remember chapter 30 students on active duty are only reimbursed for tuition and fees.*

What if the student is in the National Guard and is called up under title 32?

Such service may be qualifying for chapter 30 if it is for the purpose of organizing, administering, recruiting, instructing, or training the national guard.

Can students called up contribute \$600 while on active duty and receive an increase in their chapter 30 benefits?

Yes if they are already eligible for chapter 30 and they first entered active duty after June 30, 1985. Otherwise No.

VEAP (Veterans Educational Assistance Program -- Chapter 32)

What if the student is receiving chapter 32 benefits and is called up and has to drop out of school without receiving credit?

- The student is entitled to chapter 32 benefits through the date he/she dropped out of school.
- If the student is called up under title 10 (federal authority), VA will restore the entitlement you were charged for the period that you received benefits. For example, if students are in school one month and have to drop out, they keep the money for that period and VA will add back a month to their entitlement for use at a later time. If called up under title 32 (State authority), they don't receive the entitlement restoration benefit.
- If a student has been overpaid education benefits, VA will not pursue collection action if deployed to a combat area.

What if the student is already on active duty and must stop school due to a new duty assignment or increased workload?

The same principle applies as if the student were called up to active duty. They are entitled to chapter 32 benefits through the date they dropped out and are entitled to the entitlement restoration benefit.

What are the effects of call-up on the students period of eligibility?

The period of eligibility (commonly called your delimiting period) is extended from the students last date of discharge or release from active duty provided they serve at least 90 days on active duty. There is an exception to the 90-day requirement if discharged or released for a service connected disability, for a non-service connected medical condition which preexisted the later active duty service, for hardship, or because of a reduction in force for the convenience of the government. A student would not receive this extension of eligibility if called up under title 32 (State authority) for operational purposes within your State. Students will need to provide VA with a copy of their DD214 to have the delimiting date extended.

Can the student receive chapter 32 benefits during the call-up period?

Yes.

Dependents Educational Assistance (Chapter 35)

What if the student is receiving chapter 35 benefits and is called up and has to drop out of school without receiving credit?

- Students are entitled to chapter 35 benefits through the date they dropped out of school.
- If the student is called up under title 10 (federal authority), VA will restore the entitlement you were charged for the period that you received benefits. For example, if students are in school one month and have to drop out, they keep the money for that period and VA will add back a month to their entitlement for use at a later time. If called up under title 32 (State authority), they don't receive the entitlement restoration benefit.
- If a student has been overpaid education benefits, VA will not pursue collection action if deployed to a combat area.

What are the effects of call-up on the students period of eligibility?

If activated during under title 10, VA will extend the students period of eligibility by the period of active duty plus 4 months. Students will receive a separate extension for each call-up. This type of extension is in addition to the extension they would receive for their first period of military service which occurs between your 18th and 26th birthdays. Under the latter extension, the eligibility period would extend 8 years from the students release from active duty for this new period of service but not beyond your 31st birthday.

Example: The student is eligible for chapter 35 between his/her 18th and 26th birthdays. The student is called to active duty for 12 months from March 1, 2003, at age 20 and discharged on February 28, 2004. Because of the students first period of active duty, the period of eligibility would be extended 8 years from February 28, 2004. Because of the call-up, the student would receive one additional year plus 4 months. Students must provide VA with a copy of their DD214 to have the delimiting date extended

Can the student receive chapter 35 benefits during the call-up period?

No. You may not receive chapter 35 benefits while you are on active duty.

What documentation should the school send to VA?

Schools should report all withdrawals or reductions in training time on VA Form 22-1999b. It is important that you report the actual date of withdrawal. In the remarks section indicate "Called to active duty." Do not use the first day of the term (Unless the student actually withdraws the first day of the term) even when all tuition and fees will be refunded and the transcript will show no record of the students enrollment. If possible, send us a copy of the students orders. We need the orders to establish eligibility for restored eligibility. Do not send us lists of students activated. A separate 22-1999b must be completed for each student.